

# The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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VOL. XXV.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1912.

No. 16

## OLD SOLDIERS REMAIN FIRM

Cannot Be Influenced by a  
Foxy Appeal.

Letter Sent Out by a Washing-  
ton Agent—An Old Soldier's  
Telling Reply.

The subjoined two letters explain them-  
selves, and our veteran soldiers will  
appreciate their presentation together.  
They expose the machinery of a Re-  
publican device for vote-getting, and in-  
dicate what old soldiers think of it.  
Here are the letters:

Copy of a letter sent to the Old  
Soldiers by Colonel John McElroy, Ed-  
itor of the National Tribune, and dated  
Washington, D. C., September 20, 1912.

"Comrade:—The National Republican  
Committee has asked me to take charge  
of the veteran's wing of the Taft Cam-  
paign, and I have agreed to do so.

"It is proposed to form a Nation-wide  
Union Veterans' Patriotic League in  
each of the States, to develop to the  
utmost the Republican vote and secure  
the reelection of President Taft.

"We earnestly desire your active help,  
advice and co-operation in this object,  
which, we feel, is imperative and neces-  
sary for the well-being of the country.

"As the campaign is now fully opened,  
and speedy work is necessary, it will be  
a great personal favor if you will write  
me at once, frankly and fully as to your  
personal inclinations, the attitude of  
the veterans of your acquaintance, and  
any advice or suggestions that you may  
have to offer. The committee wants the  
fullest information as to the conditions  
and prospects in your vicinity and will  
welcome all that you may wish to say.

"It is felt that in addition to the  
powerful patriotic reasons which the  
veterans have for securing the success of  
the Grand Old Party, under which the  
country has prospered so marvelously,  
they have the strongest consideration  
of gratitude for the best pension bill  
ever passed, and which adds the im-  
mense sum of \$20,000,000 a year to the pen-  
sion disbursements to them. Veterans  
and veterans' sons and sons-in-law should  
be moved by the highest gratitude for  
this generosity on the part of the govern-  
ment.

"Can you and your friends organize a  
League in your place?

"In your letter will you please give  
such names as you readily can, of veter-  
ans who will help in campaign work?  
Literature will be distributed at an  
early day.

"Hoping to hear from you that you  
will actively join us in this great work,  
I am, yours fraternally,  
(Signed) "JOHN McELROY."

The bid for votes has gone out every-  
where. Here is the letter from an old  
soldier written in reply:

907 West School Street, Chicago, Ill.,  
Sept. 14th, 1912 "Col. John McElroy,  
Washington, D. C. Dear Sir:—Your  
favor of the 9th inst. was duly received,  
and what you say with regard to organi-  
zing the old soldiers into 'A Nation-  
wide Union Veterans' Patriotic League'  
and that the National Republican Com-  
mittee had asked you to take charge of  
the veterans' wing of the Taft campaign,  
and that you had agreed to do so, is  
carefully noted.

"The National Republican Committee I  
am sure did very wisely to select you,  
Colonel, for this service, as with your  
popular soldiers' paper 'The National  
Tribune,' with its enormous circulation  
among this extensive and loyal class, you  
certainly have wielded a powerful in-  
fluence and your employers surely showed  
their wisdom in selecting you for  
this important work, as it is well  
known fact that many of the old sol-  
diers have followed your advice well, if  
not always wisely, for themselves.

"Every four years as the time for the  
presidential election rolls around we  
hear the old familiar cry of 'Come and  
help us, and like the riderless horse,  
when he hears the bugle sound the  
change, we have taken our places in the  
ranks of the voters and have as a general  
thing, cast our vote for the 'Grand Old  
Party' so that it might continue to  
fatten on the substance of the people,  
yet ignoring every interest of the peo-  
ple who have elected this 'Grand Old  
Party' to office time and again.

"Every four years, Colonel, that old  
gag has been made to do duty, the in-  
crease of pensions that would follow if  
the old soldiers would only 'rally once  
again' to the battle cry of the Republi-  
can office seekers. And so, time and



"Friends, I tell you I am not thinking of my own success; I am  
not thinking of my life. I believe in the Progressive movement. I  
am absorbed in the success of the movement."

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

(In his speech at Milwaukee after he was shot.)

again we have taken them at their  
word, not that we as men and good citi-  
zens wanted anything we had not earned  
a hundred-fold, and only asking for  
what in common decency was our due,  
but when those Republican office seek-  
ers got into office they have betrayed  
us every time in a most heartless man-  
ner.

"I cannot help but to think that it is  
with very poor grace that you, Colonel,  
are willing to assume the questionable  
honor, that you inform us, you have  
accepted. You flaunt in our faces that  
fact that our pensions have been in-  
creased by the last Congress. You seem  
to forget that the Democratic House of  
Representatives passed a pension bill  
that was fair and just, and this bill  
should have been passed by the Republi-  
can Senate in all decency. But no, the  
president tipped it off that he would  
veto the House pension bill if the Sen-  
ate should pass it. So you, Colonel, be-  
gan to advise the Comrades, through  
your National Tribune to accept such a  
platitude as the president was willing  
should be doled out to you and my com-  
rades that deserve so well at the hands  
of the nation they served.

"All this was done, and now you would  
have us like dumb brutes, bend our back  
and let them ride into power again by  
our votes. For shame! What mendacity!  
You tell us about the marvelous manner  
in which the country has prospered!  
Yes, some have prospered, but are they  
the bent and aging comrades that you  
are asking to vote for the men that  
have been the means, more than through  
any other cause, to prevent them in  
their passing days from having and en-  
joying more fully a share of this mar-  
velous prosperity? That you would have  
them think they are reveling in. True,  
the interests that you seem so willing  
to serve, are enjoying a marvelous pros-  
perity, and they had a chance to pass  
it along to where it would do the most  
good, but they failed to grasp the op-  
portunity and pass it on to the people,  
the earnest and willing toilers of our  
land.

"Prosperity is a very good thing if  
it is only passed along so that all may  
have a little of it while they are still  
on earth. I have no doubt you have  
noticed Colonel, that with the present  
force engaged in adjusting the new  
claims as they come in, that it will  
be several years before they can all be  
acted on. Just think of the suffering  
and want even this oversight by the  
outgoing administration will entail on  
the Old Comrades; yes, and oh so many  
of them will have passed on to their  
Heavenly reward long before they shall  
be able to get even the little that  
would be coming to them if they live.  
Oh, yes, we are 'grateful' or we would  
not have come up smiling at every elec-  
tion for these forty years or more and

voted the straight Republican ticket as  
we have been doing.

"Now, Colonel, I have told you a few  
things frankly and fully, as you kindly  
requested me to do I have an idea, how-  
ever, that it is not exactly what you  
expected to get from me, but truth and  
candor impel me to write to you as I do.  
You further request me to state 'the  
attitude of the veterans of my acquaint-  
ance' on this matter that you broach.  
This I will do and I am happy to assure  
you, Colonel, that according to my ob-  
servations, and they are somewhat ex-  
tensive, too, there is not more than  
one in ten that is after your way of  
thinking.

"No Colonel, the veterans are disap-  
pointed of ever seeing any progress in the  
Republican party. So they are even, at  
this late day impelled to look about for  
a party of progress. The old soldiers  
were always progressive. They were  
progressives when they voted for the  
'Pathfinder' President in '56. They were  
progressives when they voted for their  
Sainted Lincoln in '60. They were pro-  
gressives when they rallied to the call  
to arms and donned the Union blue to  
fight and save the country from dis-  
memberment and impending destruction.  
The progressives saved the Union and in-  
cidentally wiped out the curse of phre-  
nic slavery, and would that wage slavery  
should go the same way, but not  
through bloodshed. The old soldiers saved  
the country then, and it has not  
needed 'saving' since then, except in the  
minds of the office seekers and the  
trust interests. These parasites are  
ever ready to 'point with alarm' to any-  
thing that may have a tendency to dis-  
turb them in their mad rush for filthy  
gain. No, the people now, thank God,  
are fully united throughout the whole  
land, and it does not need 'saving' except  
from the assaults of corrupt parties and  
office seekers.

"This, Colonel, is only one veteran's  
reply to your letter. You invited me  
to speak out free and candidly. I have  
done so as far as I could in the pages  
of this letter. You will note, Colonel,  
that I am trying to impress you with  
the thought that the people are be-  
ginning to think for themselves. The  
old soldiers, both North and South, are  
doing the same.

"Yes, this is only one veteran's answer  
to your letter, Colonel. Would that you  
had cast your powerful influence with  
the weak, instead of with the strong  
and powerful in this world's goods. You,  
Colonel, could have done so much good  
for those who need helping here and  
now. We will hope on, however, that a  
light may yet be seen, and that you  
will help fight the battle of Armageddon  
with the people, and that the victory  
will be won by them, and for themselves  
and not for their oppressors.

"I am yours most respectfully and

sincerely, Colonel, C. O. HOLMES."

(A veteran of three years, '62 to '65.  
Three years on the "Plains" against  
the Indians, '67 to '70, and one year in  
the Spanish-American War—seven years  
of active and faithful service in the  
ranks and file.)

## REPUBLICANS ARE GETTING SCARCER

Election Board Trying to Scare  
Up Two for Each Precinct  
Election Day.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 23.—The Board of  
Election Commissioners for Jefferson  
county met this afternoon and wrestled  
with a large problem, that of securing  
enough Republican election officers to  
man the polls for their party on election  
day.

The Republican party in Louisville  
under the administration of Presi-  
dent Taft and Senator Bradley has  
melted away like a snowball under a  
hot sun, until now it is a difficult mat-  
ter to discover two real Republicans  
in each precinct to act as election of-  
ficers.

On registration days many of the  
Republican election officers who had  
been appointed from the original list  
of eight failed to appear at the polls.  
Their places were supplied as best they  
could be. The commissioners have the  
names remaining on the original list  
from which to select substitutes, but  
another difficulty is that many of the  
original Republicans are now regis-  
tered as Progressives and some as Dem-  
ocrats, thanks again to President Taft  
and Senator Bradley.

The board adjourned to meet again  
Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock  
when Judge Batson, the Republican  
member, will give an opinion as to  
whether it is proper to appoint as Re-  
publican election officers persons on  
this original list who are now regis-  
tered Progressive or Democrat.

## Falls Heir to \$500,000.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Oct. 25.—Flitting  
away from his home in Zurich, Switzer-  
land, when 15 years of age, and having  
heard from his parents but four times  
in his twenty years which have elapsed,  
William Meyer has been located in Law-  
ton, a village fifteen miles from here,  
and notified that he is heir to more  
than \$500,000.

Mayri came to this country twenty  
years ago, and assumed the name of  
Frank M. Remond. During his residence  
at Lawton he has become well so do.

## SPEAKING AT CENTERTOWN

By Advocates of William  
Taft.

Compared With Funeral—Per-  
suaded a few to Hear Them  
in Old Store House.

Centertown, Kentucky, October 29.—The  
speaking at Centertown was more  
like a funeral than a political speak-  
ing. It was previously largely advertised  
with big posters for Saturday, Oct. 26  
at 1 o'clock p. m. The speaker, Mr. Pen-  
tecost, was promptly on hand and was  
accompanied by Mr. Otto Martin. The  
day was beautiful, the roads in excel-  
lent condition and there was a large  
number of people in town; some came  
to do trading, others for leisure and  
past time, but seemingly none came to  
hear the speaking.

Mr. Martin and Mr. Pentecost tried  
hard to get hearers to follow them,  
a short distance, to the school hall,  
where the speaking was intended to be  
held but when they had gone a part of  
the way to the hall they found that  
they were only followed by two men and  
at some distance in the rear. They  
waited till these two came up, held a  
long consultation and returned to the  
business part of town, where by the po-  
liteness of Bull Moosers a small number  
of hearers were persuaded to follow the  
two Taft advocates into a dilapidated  
and vacant store house, whose owner  
had gone bankrupt under this same  
Taft's administration. Here Mr. Martin  
took the floor and talked real nice for  
some time and said it was right for  
men of vote for whom they thought best.  
Sometimes he wore the expression of  
a lawyer pleading a hopeless case for  
his client, then he would appear as if  
talking at a funeral and lastly he told  
a joke which only brought a forced smile  
from two or three of the dozen and a  
half or two dozen men and boys present.  
He appeared to fully realize that the  
old parties are dead.

At the conclusion of Mr. Martin's talk  
Mr. Pentecost took the floor and began  
by saying that Mr. Martin had made  
half his speech. Mr. Pentecost's voice  
and what he said was much like a man  
talking in his sleep. He presumed  
greatly on the ignorance of his listen-  
ers or he himself did not know. After  
saying that Mr. Martin made half his  
speech, he proceeded to tell of the first  
settlements and the organization of the  
colonies in America and mentioned some  
other things as related in the history  
of the United States and said that the  
United States was the greatest Na-  
tion on earth and said in substance  
that the Republican party had made  
and was the owner of this great Nation.  
He seemed to have a very imperfect  
knowledge of history and did not know  
that the Republican party was not or-  
ganized or did not come into existence  
until 1856.

He said he bought corn for twenty-one  
cents a bushel to feed his horse and  
that Grover Cleveland was the cause of  
corn being so low. He seemed to not  
know that the amount of any kind of  
farm product grown influences the price,  
or to think that the president could  
influence the growing crop season. He  
said he had been to McHenry and other  
places and people did not come to hear  
speaking but were doing their own  
thinking. His speech did not create any  
interest or comment and even the little  
boys who yell so much for Teddy each  
day, were quiet through respect to  
the memory of the two old dead parties.

Yes, people are thinking for them-  
selves they no longer look on the political  
parties and presidential candidates to  
be something more than human. The  
people realize that the Democratic and  
Republican parties are the same and  
have the same object in view and that  
is to favor and serve the money kings of  
Wall street as their agents to move  
than double their many million dollars  
and at the expense of the common peo-  
ple. The people realize that the Dem-  
ocrats have old "Doc" Wilson, who is  
backed by Wall street millionaire men  
and is bound to favor them and do just  
what they say do. The people have  
learned that old "Doc" has spent all  
his life in Colleges and libraries and  
in teaching those millionaire children.  
He has not been with the common people  
and he don't know, nor care, a thing  
about the wants of the common people.

Acting now as Governor of New Jersey  
old "Doc" will not interfere with the  
many truths of his state and it follows

certainly that if he was elected pres-  
ident he would not interfere with trusts  
of any other state, but there is no  
chance for old Doc Wilson. The people  
further realize that the Republican  
party has as their candidate, Bill Taft,  
who is, like Wilson, backed by Wall  
street men and will be under the same  
obligation and in precisely the same po-  
sition as Wilson and will favor the rich  
men at the expense of and against the  
interests of the common people.

Taft, like Wilson, has not been with  
the common people and knows not their  
need, neither does he care. Besides Taft  
denies the divinity of Christ and  
says Christ was an impostor and was  
no more than any other person who was  
born out of wedlock. The Democratic  
party is, and has been under a false  
name and their doctrine and practices  
are foreign to the name of democracy,  
while the Republican party has been and  
now seeks to elect their candidate on  
what the Republican party did more  
than fifty years ago. The fact is there  
is as much difference in the Republi-  
can party now and fifty years ago as  
in the fairest day and foulest night.

The people no longer look on po-  
litical parties and their nominees as  
a God. The two old parties are each  
trying to elect a man for president and  
each have the one and the same object  
in view and that is to take possession  
of and run the Government for a mon-  
ey-making scheme and for the benefit  
of themselves and the rich and at the ex-  
pense of the already over-burdened poor  
people. The people realize and know,  
that in the Progressive movement they  
have a man that has talked with the  
poor and laboring man and knows his  
wants. He has talked with the work-  
ing woman and knows her needs; he  
has seen the little children in cities  
working for bread, he has seen their  
little children in the cities working for  
bread, he has seen their lean, pale lit-  
tle faces and their frail and lean little  
bodies thinly clad and he is in sympathy  
for them; he has been in the fields on  
the farm; he has lived in the shanty and  
tent; he has been with the common peo-  
ple and knows what they suffer; he has  
been and lived with the rich people  
and knows what they do that makes  
slaves of, and brings this great bur-  
den and hardship on the common peo-  
ple; he wants to be elected President  
to relieve this great curse on mankind;  
he has been president and knows how  
to do it; he is honest, brave and  
sympathetic enough to do it and he  
will do it. His emblem is the largest  
and most grand of the deer kind,  
The Bull Moose, and he is the most  
brave and honest of mankind. And he  
will get a big majority here and I  
predict that he will get the largest  
majority that was ever accorded a  
president and his election will be  
the greatest blessing the people have  
had. He is not a third-termer, as has  
been charged, but is only a candidate  
for his second term and his name is  
Theodore Roosevelt.

DR. W. M. WARDEN.

## Found the Gold in An Oyster Can.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 28.—During  
the night rider troubles about four years  
ago, Mrs. Wilkins, of the Pilot Stock  
company, in this county, sold her crop  
of tobacco and hid the money. A few  
weeks later she died without disclosing  
the hiding place.

Today her son, in digging in a cellar  
on the place, unearthed an oyster can,  
in which was the full amount, \$200 in  
gold.

## Vice President Sherman Dead.

After a long illness, growing acute  
in the past few days, Vice President  
James Schenck died of Bright's disease at his home in Ulster,  
N. Y., at 9:42 Wednesday night. He  
had been sinking since early morning,  
but realized about 7 p. m., the apparent  
improvement being of short duration  
only. Mr. Sherman was the twenty-  
seventh Vice President and a candidate  
on the Republican ticket for re-election.

## Notice to File Bids.

The Board of Trustees of Hartford  
(white) graded common school district  
No. 1 will receive bids for the con-  
struction of the new brick school build-  
ing for said district at the law offices  
of Barnes & Smith, Hartford, Ky., at  
one o'clock p. m. on Tuesday, November  
12. Bidding to be completed on or  
before August 1, 1913. A copy of the  
plans and specifications is on file sub-  
ject to inspection at the office of the  
Secretary, also with Hon. John J. Mc-  
Henry, office with Barnes & Castleman,  
Louisville, Ky.; James Stewart Construc-  
tion Co., St. Louis, Mo., and C. E. &  
E. A. Webber, architects, Cincinnati,  
Ohio.

E. B. PENDLETON, Pres.  
W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

(Advertisement.)



## FINE PROGRAM FOR CONVENTION

Kentucky Sunday Schools in  
Session Five Days.

"STANDARDS" WILL BE THEME

Professor E. O. Excell of Chicago and Professor A. W. Roper of Winona Lake Will Lead Music—Hundreds of State's Sunday School Workers to Attend.

The following is the program of the Forty-seventh State Sunday School Convention of Kentucky Oct. 29-Nov. 1, 1912, Broadway Methodist Church, corner Seventh and Broadway, Paducah:

Leader of music, Professor E. O. Excell, Chicago, Ill.  
Accompanist, Professor Alvin W. Roper, Winona Lake, Ind.  
Convention theme, "Standards." "And David consulted with the captains of thousands and of hundreds, even with every leader."

**TUESDAY AFTERNOON.**  
Conferences, 3-4:30—Elementary division, Broadway Methodist church, Seventh and Broadway; second division, First



PROFESSOR E. O. EXCELL.

Christian church, Seventh and Jefferson; adult division, First Presbyterian church, Seventh and Jefferson.

**TUESDAY EVENING.**  
"So we built the wall, and all the wall was joined together unto half the height thereof, for the people had a mind to work."  
7:30—Song service, Professor E. O. Excell, Chicago, Ill.  
7:45—Devotional, Rev. W. D. Jenkins, Paducah, Ky.  
8—Welcome address, Judge C. C. Grass, Paducah, Ky.  
8:25—"A Greater Kentucky," President J. B. Weaver, Louisville, Ky.  
8:40—"Working Together," Mr. Huston Quinn, Louisville, Ky.  
9—"Definiteness and Efficiency," Rev. George A. Joplin, Louisville, Ky.

**WEDNESDAY MORNING.**  
"Every place that the sole of your foot shall tread upon, to you have I given it."  
8:30—Song service, Professor E. O. Excell, leader.  
8:45—Devotional, Rev. H. M. Weisselke, Paducah, Ky.  
9—"Gleanings," Rev. T. C. Gebauer, Henderson, Ky.  
9:15—"Gaining Ground," Mr. W. J. Vaughan, Louisville, Ky.  
9:30—"Beginnings," Miss Maude L. Dance, Louisville, Ky.  
9:45—"The Poetry of Statistics," Miss Frances L. Grigsby, Louisville.  
10—Bible study hour, Rev. F. N. Palmer, D. D., Winona Lake, Ind. "Book Study—Genesis."  
10:45—Song service.  
11:15—"The Sunday School as an Evangelistic Force," Professor Byron H. DeMont, D. D., Louisville.

**WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.**  
"In the name of our God we will set up our banners."  
2—Song service, Professor E. O. Excell, leader.  
2:15—Devotional, Rev. S. E. Tull, Paducah, Ky.  
2:30—"Standards," Rev. George A. Joplin.  
2:45—"Aiding Life Choices," Miss Madeline E. Reager, Louisville.  
3—"The Big Movement," Professor W. J. McGlothlin, D. D., Louisville, Ky.  
3:15—"The Changed Question," Professor Byron H. DeMont, D. D.  
3:30—Song.  
3:40—"Life's Center," Mr. C. J. Nugent, Jr., Louisville, Ky.  
3:55—"The Christian's Task," Mrs. T. J. Minary, Louisville, Ky.  
4:10—"A New Patriotism," Mrs. Agnes L. Efort, Ashland, Ky.

**WEDNESDAY EVENING.**  
"Wherewith shall a young man cleanse his way? By taking heed thereto according to thy word."  
7:30—Song service, Professor E. O. Excell, leader.  
7:45—Devotional, Rev. W. A. Pitt, Paducah, Ky.  
8—"The Boy Over Pool Hill," Mr. W. Fred Long, Jackson, Miss.  
8:20—Bible study hour, Rev. F. N. Palmer, D. D. "Chart Study—The Ten Commandments."

**THURSDAY MORNING.**  
"Study to show thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be

ashamed, rightly dividing the word of truth."  
8:30—Song service, Professor E. O. Excell, leader.  
8:45—Devotional, Rev. Clinton S. Quin, Paducah, Ky.  
9—"The Secretary," Mr. Walter E. Frazer, Louisville, Ky.  
9:30—"How to Grade a Sunday School," Mr. W. C. Pearce, Chicago.  
10—Bible study hour, "Character Study—Joseph," Rev. F. N. Palmer, D. D.  
10:45—Song.  
11:15—"The Kentucky Sunday School Reporter."  
11:35—Business, announcements, etc.  
11:55—"The Workers' Library," Mr. W. C. Pearce.  
Business men's luncheon.

**THURSDAY AFTERNOON.**  
Conferences, 3-4:30—Elementary division, Broadway Methodist church; second division, First Presbyterian church.  
Conference of county and district officers, 4:15 to 5:30. "District Organization," Mr. W. C. Pearce; "The County Map," Miss Mary E. Price, Louisville; "Being Facts," Miss Frances L. Grigsby; "Committee Meetings," Mr. Huston Quinn; questionnaire.

**THURSDAY EVENING.**  
"Bring ye all of the tithes into the storehouse, that there may be meat in mine house, and prove me herewith, saith the Lord of hosts, if I will not open you the windows of heaven and pour you out a blessing, that there shall not be room enough to receive it."  
7:30—Song service, Professor E. O. Excell, leader.  
7:45—Devotional, Rev. H. W. Burwell, Paducah.  
8—Treasurer's report.  
8:15—Presentation of pennants.  
8:30—Offering.  
9—"The Meaning of the Modern Sunday School Movement," Mr. W. C. Pearce.

**FRIDAY MORNING.**  
"Let us go up at once and possess it, for we are well able to overcome it."  
8:30—Song service, Professor E. O. Excell, leader.  
8:45—Devotional, Rev. Hugh Watson, Paducah.  
9—Report of conferences, Elementary, Miss Mary L. Wilson, Mayesville, Ky.; secondary, Mrs. Mildred J. Davis, Paducah, Ky.; adult, Mr. Evan S. Rees, Louisville, Ky.; county and district officers, Mr. C. J. Nugent, Jr., Louisville, Ky.  
10—Bible study hour, Rev. F. N. Palmer, D. D. "Map Studies—Palestine and the Wanderings."  
10:45—"Enlarging the School," Mr. W. Fred Long.  
11:15—Business, election of officers, etc.  
11:35—"The Sunday School Organized," Mr. W. C. Pearce.  
Conference of superintendents.

**FRIDAY AFTERNOON.**  
2—Song service, Professor E. O. Excell, leader.  
2:15—Devotional, Rev. W. G. Lang, Paducah.  
2:30—Elementary work from the international standpoint, Mr. W. C. Pearce.  
2:45—Elementary work from the state standpoint, Rev. George A. Joplin.  
3—Elementary work from the standpoint of the school, Miss Maude L. Dance.  
3:15—"Opportunity For Training the Elementary Worker," Miss Nannie Lee Frayser, Louisville, Ky.  
3:45—Conferences, Cradle roll, Mrs. Huston Quinn, Louisville, Ky.; beginners, Mrs. William Walker, Louisville, Ky.; primary, Miss Katie Paine, Louisville, Ky.; juniors, Miss Nannie Lee Frayser.  
Elementary luncheon.

**FRIDAY EVENING.**  
"But be ye doers of the word and not hearers only, deluding yourselves."  
7:30—Song service, Professor E. O. Excell, leader.  
7:45—Devotional, Rev. A. M. West, Paducah, Ky.  
8—"The Story—Its Place and Power," Miss Nannie Lee Frayser.  
8:20—"One Minute Expressions."  
9—"The Bible in Action," Mrs. W. C. Pearce.

**REV. W. F. LONG.**  
Mississippi General Secretary to Speak at Sunday School Meeting.

Rev. W. Fred Long of Jackson, Miss., is the general secretary of the Mississippi Sunday School Association and one of the men who are doing



REV. W. FRED LONG.

things in the south. Formerly from Kentucky, he will greet many friends when he returns to be one of the speakers at the Kentucky Sunday School Convention to be held at Paducah, Ky., Oct. 29-Nov. 1.

**Sunday School Sunday.**  
In view of the State Convention of the Kentucky Sunday School Association being held in Paducah Oct. 29-Nov. 1, Sunday, Oct. 27, has been designated as Sunday School Sunday. All superintendents are asked on that day to make special mention of the coming convention and pray for God's blessing upon it. All pastors are asked to preach sermons that morning on "Bible Study" and at the evening service on "The Church Studying the Word in Its Sunday School." Programs of the State Convention will be sent to all who will write for them to the Kentucky Sunday School Association, 712 Louisville Trust Building, Louisville, Ky.

## CAMP FIRE STORIES

### SHELL GOES LONG DISTANCE

Interesting History of 12-inch Projectile Used in Spanish War—Traveled Four Miles.

Screaming out its defiant message of possible death and disaster, a 12-inch 1,000-pound shell was sent across the Bay of Santiago on the fateful morning of July 3, 1898, from one of the battleships—Texas, Iowa or Indiana. The shell traveled a distance of between three and four miles and found lodgment in the side of a rocky hill just behind Morro castle, the charge being unexploded. It now reposes peacefully on the sidewalk in front of a store in Carson street, Southside, near Twenty-seventh street, but minus the charge.

Thousands of people pass the spot daily, but little or no heed is given by them to this interesting relic of Uncle Sam's encounter with the one-time great power of Spain.

The shell was shipped on October 20, 1899, by Capt. Surgeon James McKay, United States navy, to his father, Stephen McKay, of this city, and is much prized by the latter as a relic and souvenir.

Capt. McKay gave an interesting description of the circumstances attending the firing and finding of the shell. He states: "The shell was fired from the Indiana or Texas from a distance of between three or four miles, and it was doubtless fired at the eastern battery, a concealed battery of several old bronze cannons situated in a hollow in the bluff, and only visible from several miles at sea. Our ships paid great attention to this particular battery from noticing that, while the muzzles of the cannon were visible over the embankment before firing, they disappeared simultaneously with that operation. Now from the excellent habit drilled into the men of the navy of overestimating rather than doubting the strength of the enemy, they decided the battery must be composed of modern rifled disappearing guns, and acted accordingly. Every now and again, and when the ships seemed most quiet, one or another would drop a carefully calculated shell in such close proximity as to keep the artillerymen working the guns in a state of constant terror. This shell, from its position, must have flown over the guns and men at just sufficient height to clear the ridge and plunge into the hill beyond. It missed its mark by a very small margin. However, the hundreds of holes, some large enough to form a cellar for a large dwelling, scattered all about and within the battery, the dismounted, crippled and half-buried pieces, and the general wreck made of nature in the entire vicinity, speak only too eloquently of the excellent marksmanship of our gunners, and the splendid conduct of our ships in general.

"When Admiral Sampson visited the above-mentioned battery some months after the surrender, he smilingly told how they had been fooled by the strange disappearing qualities of the old guns. Many of these old pieces dated back to 1718 and were masses of most wonderful and beautiful hand carving, but the gun carriages were not more than 100 years old, hence the parts did not fit and the recoil mechanism (great buffer springs) being useless the piece on being discharged would bound back into the air the full length of the carriage (15 feet). The muzzles were visible over the cement before firing, but their rebound flight carried them far out of sight, hence the disappearing guns which deceived our men for a while."

The shell, singular to relate, shows but slight marks of its impact with its rocky billet, another proof of the care with which American projectiles are fashioned.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

**Where the Gray Hairs Came From.**  
The attitude of the commanding generals of the north and south toward each other, after the final surrender, writes Mr. Thomas Nelson Page in his recent book on General Lee, is one that the world regarded with astonishment, and that Americans may forever look back upon with pride. In illustration, Mr. Page offers an engaging anecdote from Long's memoir of Lee.

It appears that on the afternoon of the day of the surrender at Appomattox, Meade paid a friendly visit to Lee at his headquarters. In the course of the conversation, Lee turned to Meade, who had been associated with him as his officer of engineers in the "old army," and said, pleasantly: "Meade, years are telling on you. Your hair is getting quite gray." "Ah, General Lee," was Meade's prompt reply, "that is not the work of years. You are responsible for my gray hairs."

**Guying a Bombproof.**  
The southern soldiers had little respect for what were known as "bombproofs," the fellows who had easy positions in the rear. On one occasion a smartly dressed young officer belonging to this kindred canteen went to a depot where a regiment of men were awaiting transfer. As soon as they saw him they began guying him. "Oh, my, ain't he poshy!" "Say, mister, whar'd ye git that billed shu't!" "Does yo' grease yo' bar with ham fat or how?"

## JEANETTE'S WORRY OVER HER HUSBAND'S CAREER

Jeanette walked slowly up the path with an open letter in her hand and a puzzled frown on her pretty brow. Catching sight of me as I sat shaded by the honeysuckle that grew over the end of the porch, she smilingly said: "Oh, Cousin Bess, I'm so glad you are home. What can I do to help Jimmie with his career?"

"Goodness, child, what a question! And how thoughtless of you to spring such a ponderous one on me this hot day."

"I'll help you pare those peaches, even if the fuzz does make my blood run cold, if you will only tell me how to help Jimmie. His mother has written that she 'hopes I will have the proper consideration for my husband's progression and will help him with his career.' If you were a young wife, Cousin Bess, wouldn't that stagger you?"

"Indeed would it. Wait a moment till I get you a paring knife and an apron, and we will see what we can do about it. I must get this basket of peaches ready to preserve before lunch time. Company coming to tea."

Settled again at work, I told Jeanette that the best way she could help Jimmie with his career was by serving him.

"Good gracious, you don't expect me to fetch and carry for him, do you? I'm not his office boy."

"No, dear, you are not; but you can serve Jimmie quite well at home, being his own loving little wife."

"Oh," breathed Jeanette. "For example, although it may seem a trifling matter to you, you can help his career by studying his digestion. When you have discovered what he likes and what diet suits him best, learn to cook his meals, so that you can instruct any new cook you may have how to prepare and serve them to please him best."

"To look after Jimmie's physical health means a great deal of care and attention, but to worry him about putting on rubbers and taking an umbrella if it threatens rain and to be continually fussing over him is a great mistake."

"Have the raincoat, umbrella and rubbers ready in the hall rack when you think he needs them. He will naturally make use of them without your having to say a word."

"Have the suit of clothes necessary for a change laid out for him and a sandwich, with a cup of hot broth, waiting for him if he is forced to work late at the office."

"Silence is a wonderful help to a tired man. All the little attentions to his physical comfort can be administered without any great flow of words, and a cup of beef tea placed silently beside him on his desk when he works at home will be more appreciated than if you spent twenty minutes in trying to persuade him to drink it."

"Save him from wasting time in interviewing troublesome callers. Offer to write his letters for him, especially those of a social nature, and business ones, too, if he will let you. 'Never trouble him with domestic worries. Let him think that the household runs as if on oiled wheels that scarcely ever creak. That means self-denial, but practice it.'

"Learn to wear a smiling face, even if disaster threatens."

"You will often feel like crying with impatience when vexatious problems must be faced and cruel disappointments forgotten, but if you make up your mind to exert your self-control you will be able to smile and smile and smile."

"Don't let Jimmie be distressed and depressed by the sight of your tears. 'Remember there are two kinds of women—the one who takes the heart out of a man and the one who puts it back. The successful wife must be the one who restores the heart and energy to her husband when the fight against obstacles has been fierce and exhausting.'

"Jimmie loves to play bridge and you loathe cards. Learn how to play and help him to enjoy that harmless recreation when he is worn with work. 'Do not allow a disparity of tastes and sympathies. Interest yourself in Jimmie's hobbies as well as in his actual profession.'

"But, Cousin Bess, his career. How can I help with his career?"

"Just by these little things. Don't you see, dear, that by just smoothing out the rough places for him will give Jimmie more time and uninterrupted thought to give to the building of his own career?"

"There, the peaches are all pared. Don't they look delicious? I will give you a jar when they are done. Thank you for helping me, dear."

"Thank you for helping me, dear Cousin Bess."

**How He Felt About It.**

There was one man in Indianapolis this week, who could appreciate the position of the man in the musical comedy, "A Modern Eve," who is the hen-pecked husband of a suffragette. Whether the understanding one is a resident of the city or whether he is one of the state fair visitors remains a mystery, but he is not in sympathy with the suffrage leader depicted in the play. He was a diminutive personage with long, flowing whiskers and a very meek countenance.

The husband, who was dominated by his wife, had summoned sufficient courage to speak of the matter. His narrative of his troubles ended with the lines, "Now, I am tired of this, I am going to assert myself."

The audience applauded and the small man was especially elated. "Bully," he cried. The exclamation brought forth more applause than the lines.—Indianapolis News.



## "I Got This Fine Pipe With Liggett & Myers Duke's Mixture"

All kinds of men smoke Duke's Mixture in all kinds of pipes—as well as in cigarettes—and they all tell the same story. They like the genuine, natural tobacco taste of

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Choice bright leaf aged to mellow mildness, carefully stemmed and then granulated—every grain pure, high-grade tobacco—that's what you get in the Liggett & Myers Duke's Mixture sack. You get one and a half ounces of this pure, mild, delightful tobacco, unsurpassed in quality, for 5c—and with each sack you get a book of papers free.

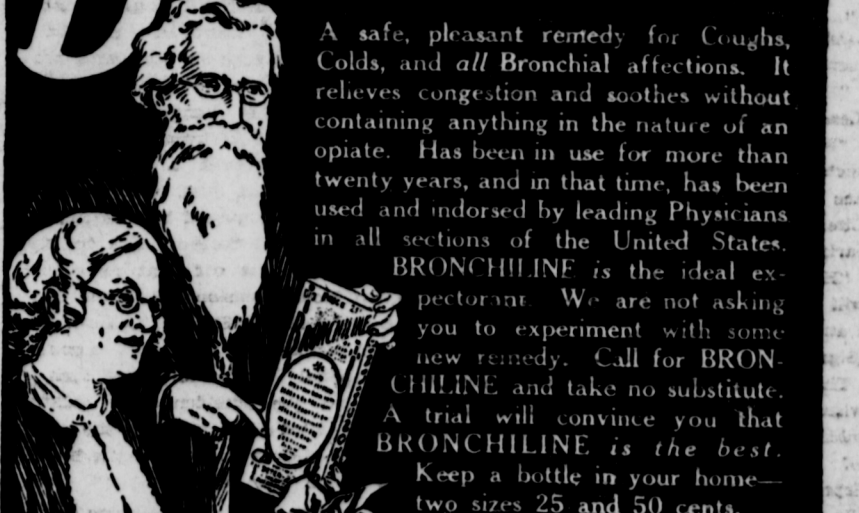
**Now About the Free Pipe**

In every sack of Liggett & Myers Duke's Mixture we now pack a coupon. You can exchange these coupons for a pipe or for many other valuable and useful articles. These presents cost not one penny. There is something for every member of the family—skates, catcher's gloves, tennis rackets, cameras, toilet articles, suit cases, canes, umbrellas, and dozens of other things. Just send us your name and address on a postal and as a special offer during October and November only we will send you our new illustrated catalogue of presents FREE of any charge. Open up a sack of Liggett & Myers Duke's Mixture today.

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## Bronchiline



A safe, pleasant remedy for Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections. It relieves congestion and soothes without containing anything in the nature of an opiate. Has been in use for more than twenty years, and in that time, has been used and endorsed by leading Physicians in all sections of the United States. BRONCHILINE is the ideal expectorant. We are not asking you to experiment with some new remedy. Call for BRONCHILINE and take no substitute. A trial will convince you that BRONCHILINE is the best. Keep a bottle in your home—two sizes 25 and 50 cents.

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LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

### EAST VIEW.

Oct. 22.—Mr. Luther Collins, of Taylor Mines, spent Monday with Mr. S. R. French.

Miss Sally Crowe, of Alaburg, spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. W. T. French recently.

Mr. S. R. French is spending a few days with relatives at Beaver Dam and Taylor Mines.

Born to the wife of Murry Mayfield Oct. 18 is a boy.

Miss Lottie Mayfield is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Will Ridgeway, of Red Hill.

Mr. B. J. French attended church at Green Brier Saturday night.

Mr. L. D. French is ill with tonsillitis and sore throat.

Elder John Bennett began a protracted meeting at Mt. Carmel church Sunday night.

Elder Taylor began a protracted meeting at Barnett's Creek Church Monday night.

**Girl Attracted by Two Men.**  
Glasgow, Ky., Oct. 25.—Officers are on the lookout for the man who assaulted Miss Hallie Reynolds and left her for dead near the city limits some time yesterday. The girl was found late last night and was unable to make an in-

telligent statement. She was better today and said she was set upon by a negro and a white man and was rendered unconscious by a blow on the head. The officers believe they have a clue that will lead to the arrest of the men.

### Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENNEY & CO., Props.

Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 5c.

Take Halls Family Pills for constipation.



# STORIES OF CAMP AND WAR

## GEN. LYON'S BODY RECOVERED

Graphic Story Related by Dr. Melcher, Who Brought Corpses Out of the Confederate Lines.

Samuel H. Melcher, who now lives at 2327 West Jackson boulevard, Chicago, obtained the body of Gen. Lyon from Gen. Price after the battle of Wilson's Creek and carried it into the Union lines, accompanied by a volunteer escort of Confederate soldiers. In his capacity of army surgeon Dr. Melcher was immune from capture and imprisonment by the enemy and made his way without trouble to Gen. Price's headquarters, assisted by a friendly colonel. He can speak authoritatively on the much discussed subject of Gen. Lyon's death at the time of the battle and states that the general was dressed in military uniform. The story of the recovery of the body is told in Dr. Melcher's own words as follows:

"When Col. Sigel's reserve, which had retreated on the Wire road south, halted at the Thompson farm some of the men brought to me Gen. Rains' division surgeon, Smith, who had been captured while coming with help for the wounded. I had him immediately released and we started back on the Wire road in the direction of the fighting had taken place to look for wounded. Dr. Smith took the lead through the timber and proceeded in a northwesterly direction until we reached a large confederate emergency hospital, close by a big spring.

"Receiving information that most of the wounded of the last part of the battle were being attended to near the creek, we set out in that direction and were soon in the road crossing over Bloody hill. The position of the dead on both sides of our path showed how terrible the struggle had been. On each side of the road were dead soldiers, the gray on one side and the blue on the other. After going a short time we started to count and, as we did not wish to go back, we estimated that there were 300 or 400 on both sides of the path.

"Upon dismounting at the hospital the first and only person that I recognized was the long haired Col. Emmet McDonald, a young lawyer of St. Louis, one of the most outspoken secessionists. When he was taken at the capture of Camp Jackson in St. Louis he was absolutely refused to be paroled and was accordingly brought to the arsenal and held a prisoner.

"As I had occasion several times each day to pass the tent where McDonald was held, I saw him standing in front of the entrance dressed in a sort of French cavalry uniform, with his arms folded, his eyes glistening, his swarthy countenance gleaming with a defiant smile. I never met him and had no ill will, whatever opinion he might have, and so, as I passed, I simply touched my cap, and to my surprise he seemed each time to soften a little and touch his in return.

"So, when I saw him step quickly toward me as I entered the confederate camp after the battle of Wilson's Creek, and warmly take me by the hand, I was somewhat surprised. After talking a moment in regard to the wounded he informed me that Gen. Lyon was killed. Instantly I said: 'Can I have his body?' He at once said: 'Come with me and I'll see.' He went with me directly to Gen. Price's headquarters and, as he had never known my name, he said: 'This is Gen. Lyon's surgeon. He wishes the body. I want you to give it to him. He is the only officer who treated me decently in the arsenal.'

"Gen. Price, who was dressed as an ordinary citizen, with no insignia of rank except a black leather belt in which was a small Colt's revolver, held out his hand in a fatherly manner and we clasped hands. Turning to Gen. Rains, he asked if he knew where the body was. Replying in the affirmative, Gen. Rains was ordered to bring it for identification. In perhaps twenty minutes a wagon drove up, and I was asked to examine the contents. Upon raising the blanket which covered the face of the dead man I at once recognize our general.

"Gen. Rains asked: 'What is your pleasure?' and I replied that I would like to have the body carried to the Ray house.

"As soon as a coffin could be made the body was taken to the Phelps farm. After the body had been on exhibition for several days Gen. Price ordered it buried. This was done Aug. 14 by Col. Sneed, who says: 'I buried him by instructions from Gen. Price, and I said as I put him in the ground, "That is the greatest enthusiast I ever saw and the greatest man." Aug. 23 an undertaker from St. Louis and a party of relatives came and had the body exhumed and it was taken east.'

Picture on the Greenbacks.

One summer during the administration of Secretary Chase, when the treasury was more than usually low, he had occasion to visit some troops that had not been paid off for a long time. Among the men was one with whom he was acquainted, but did not seem to recognize the Secretary, whereupon he introduced himself.

"Oh, yes! you're Mr. Chase, Secretary of the Treasury. It's so long since we have seen your picture that I had almost forgotten you."

## WHAT GOTHAM GETS IN TIPS

Petty Graft of New Yorkers, It Is Calculated, Amounts to Over \$100,000,000 Yearly.

There are on an average 500,000 visitors the day in New York. Often there are many more, seldom any less. Most of the visitors are there on pleasure bent, or are passing through on pleasure bent in other places. Even those who go to Manhattan on business decide in favor of the "combination cocktail," meaning a mixture of business and fun. Every visitor gives tips, whether he stays at a hotel or not. If he visits friends he tips their servants. The tips given by the average person of means amounts to much more than \$2 the day. Few tip less than 50 cents the day. It is a low estimate to put a dollar as the average amount given away every day in tips by every visitor to the great city. That means \$300,000 the day in tips alone, not including tips given by New Yorkers themselves. That is about \$90,000,000 the month, or \$109,500,000 for the full year of 365 days. Through this petty tipping graft alone more than \$100,000,000 the year are paid by the rest of the country for the upkeep of this metropolis. We are not complaining, comments a Charleston newspaper. We are not suggesting a remedy. We merely call attention to the matter that some may grieve over it and others may laugh, though those who laugh are not by any means the ones who have recently made their contributions.

## BIRDS QUIT ENGLAND EARLY

Abnormal Weather Is Believed the Cause of Hasty Departure for Southern Climes.

A wonderful concourse of swifts was seen a few days ago over a Hertfordshire common. Some of the birds were at a great height and were playing the almost ecstatic game of flight in company, which is their mode of migration.

The birds are leaving England before their time. Many of the doves are already gone. The question arises why these birds and the restless swallows and martins are thus putting forward their date of departure.

The flight from England is doubtless being hurried by the abnormal weather. The dove, which is one of the first to leave, would have nowhere to set its feet in East Anglia, and the crows are flooded out. In such conditions the doves' premature attention to the call of the Caucasus and the desert of the swallow tribe for the further shore of the Mediterranean are due to the inhospitability of England—its cold and the disappearance of insect food.—London Mail.

"It is a pleasure to tell you that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best cough medicine I have ever used," writes Mrs. Hugh Campbell, of Livonia, O. "I used it with all my children and the results have been highly satisfactory." For sale by all dealers.

## Miners Back at Work

Charleston, W. Va., October 28.—About 10,000 miners who have been on strike since last spring, returned to work in the mines at Mingo, W. Va., today after a long conference with the operators.

Three mines are affected. The men are to receive twenty-two per cent above the price paid under the scale of the United Mine Workers of America, but the operators do not recognize the union.

Two hundred men, who have been working at Kingston, W. Va., struck this morning against a new rule of the company, but a conference was called and it is believed all differences will be adjusted so the men may return to work Monday.

## A Nervous Woman Finds Relief After Many Years

Women who suffer from extreme nervousness, often endure much suffering before finding any relief. Mrs. Daniel Kintner, of Defiance, O., had such an experience, regarding which she says:

"I had stomach trouble when I was eighteen years old that broke down my health, and for years I suffered with nervousness, headache, indigestion and nervous spasms. The spasms got so bad I would have them three or four times a week. After trying nearly every remedy recommended, I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine, and I must say it helped me wonderfully. I have had no severe nervousness for several years."

MRS. DANIEL KINTNER, 1002 Pleasant St., Defiance, O.

Many remedies are recommended for diseases of the nervous system that fail to produce results because they do not reach the seat of the trouble. Dr. Miles' Nervine has proven its value in such cases so many times that it is unnecessary to make claims for it. You can prove its merits for yourself by getting a bottle of your druggist, who will return the price if you receive no benefit.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

# AROUND THE CAMP FIRE

## RELICS OF GENERAL CUSTER

Interesting Collection Secured by National Museum From Widow of Noted Indian Fighter.

An interesting collection has recently been installed in the hall of history in the National museum, consisting of articles donated and lent by Mrs. George A. Custer, widow of Everett Maj. Gen. George A. Custer, U. S. A. General Custer is probably best remembered by his achievements in the many Indian fights in which he participated, and by his record as an Indian scout. The collection includes a memento of this phase of his career in the form of the white buckskin coat in which he has been most often pictured as a plainsman and scout. This coat is in excellent condition, and looks as if the general had just removed it and hung it up. It has deep collar and cuffs, and is heavily trimmed with slashed buckskin trimming. The pockets are made much as in modern sporting coats, while buttons are of the regular army pattern of the period. This coat calls to mind the services which General Custer rendered to the government in the campaigns against the Sioux in 1875 and 1876, in the last of which, the battle of the Little Big Horn, he met his death.

Accompanying the coat is a yellow plumed cavalry helmet and a buckskin gaiter, both worn during his active service against the Indians from 1866 to 1876 while lieutenant colonel Seventh Cavalry, U. S. A.

There is also a blue regulation army officer's coat, with two starred straps, plaid collar and cuffs—the coat which he wore on his marriage to Miss Elizabeth Bacon, February 9, 1861. A straight cavalry saber of tremendous size is also included in the collection. It was a spoil of war captured by Major Brew, who presented it to General Custer, since the knew of no other man able to wield such a large weapon. It has a Toledo blade, on which is engraved in Spanish, "Do not draw me without cause and do not sheathe me without honor."

A Virginia state flag, a prize of the general's personal prowess, captured by him in 1861 when a lieutenant, is also on display.

One object of great historical significance, though rather of an unattractive nature, is a white towel which figured conspicuously in the battle just preceding the surrender of General Lee at Appomattox. It seems that while General Lee had gone to the rear of the Confederate lines to secure an interview with General Grant, leaving General Longstreet in command, General Gordon's division became hard pressed by the enemy and called on Longstreet for assistance. Not being able to furnish assistance at this time, Longstreet sent an inspector general, Major R. M. Simms, to suggest to Gordon the sending of a flag of truce to the federals requesting a suspension of hostilities pending the interview between Lee and Grant. Following this suggestion, Gordon at once dispatched Simms as the federal commander.

Sheridan, with this request. As Major Simms galloped toward the lines of the federals he searched his haversack for something white to cover his advance, but found only a towel. This he drew out and waved above his head as he approached the enemy. The Union soldiers caught sight of the white towel, held their fire, and under this improvised flag Simms was allowed to enter the lines where he was met by Colonel Whitaker and taken to General Custer, who was in command of that part of the field. Neither of these officers, however, cared to declare a temporary cessation of hostilities just then, feeling that they had the advantage of the fight and held the southern army at their mercy. So Simms was obliged to return to his own lines without accomplishing his purpose. He left the towel in the hands of Colonel Whitaker, who took half of it and gave the other portion to General Custer. It was only shortly after the incident just mentioned that Sheridan and Gordon met and established a temporary truce which held until the conference between Grant and Lee terminated the war.

Most important among this collection of war relics is a little oval table of wood, much battered and scarred, on which General Grant wrote the letter containing the terms of surrender of General Lee, at the home of Wilmer McLean.

The collection also includes a pin made from a piece of conch shell, once a button from the coat of General Washington, presented by a relative of the general to Custer. Later Custer had it mounted in gold for his wife, who wore it for many years as a brooch.

## Effective Joke, But—

A young contraband, servant of a junior staff officer, was ignorant of the fact that his master had a cork leg, and the first night the officer had the darky pull off his boots.

"Now, look sharp," said the officer. "Don't pull too hard."

The officer loosened the straps about his waist, and off came the leg. The colored boy gave a groan, turned ashy white and fled, knocking over a picket in his mad flight. The officer lost a servant, for he ran straight into a rebel camp.

## A WELL DEVELOPED SUMMER LOVE AFFAIR

"My sister Chrissie did more than disapprove of the whole affair," said the elder Miss Simpson. "Disapprove is too mild a word. She simply boiled over and started to pack her trunks. Then she unpacked them because, she said, she could not in justice to the family name leave me at the hotel unchaperoned."

"Chrissie is thirty-six, I am thirty-eight and neither of us ever had a chaperon in our lives—so I think it was nothing but sheer curiosity that made her remain at the summer resort with me. She wanted to see what I would do with Hendricks White. Chrissie has got tolerably used this summer to seeing me mixed up in other people's love affairs because they were always confiding in me or begging me to help them out—but it was rather a staggering blow to her when I produced a well developed love affair of my own."

"You would have thought it was a case of smallpox from her general attitude. She conquered her shock and repugnance only by heroic self-sacrifice and will power. There is something magnificent about the way Chrissie endures the presence of masculine beings on this earth. She disdained Hendricks White the instant he walked into the dining room. Hendricks is an old bachelor in the forties and a successful lawyer who backs at a jury and is used to seeing it wilt before his eyes, so he has rather got into the habit of expecting everybody else to jump like the juries."

"What attracted me to him was the fact that he seemed to know instantly what he wanted, whether it was the choice of an ear of corn or an oar, and because he positively snorted in wrath when Libby Knox started to coo over him. Libby is a young woman of uncertain age who coos over every unattached man she sees. The general run of men like it, even if they say they don't—but she never tried it on Hendricks a second time. After his escape from her he planted himself on the other end of the porch so that I was occupying and breathed hard as he glared at me. He knew I had seen the episode. Finally I laid down my work and laughed. I couldn't help it. A sort of harassed, tangled grin crept over his face. 'Here,' he hissed at me, 'why is a woman, anyhow? That is, some women?'"

"A makeshift of nature to fill up vacant space," I told him, promptly. "I got that figured out a long time ago!"

"After that we were great friends. And one day I went sailing with him in a little catboat that he had rented. Chrissie said the idea of any man over twenty going sailing was pitiful. But I've decided that the best way to have a good time in this world is to take things the minute they present themselves—and I bribed the waiter at the hotel to put up some sandwiches and other things for me and took along a book and a bottle of ginger ale."

"An hour later, when I guessed my little hamper and began unpacking things Hendricks said: 'Tend me the most sensible woman I ever met! I was just hating the idea of having to go back to the hotel for luncheon a day like this with a breeze just right. Any other woman would have thought of frills instead of sandwiches!'"

"Hendricks paused with his mouth full of sandwich to glare at me. 'They're all right,' he admitted. 'I don't see why all women can't wear white lawn dresses with drawn-work like that. But you always do look just right!'"

"My dress was white linen trimmed in Irish lace, but I forgot that. It was touching to see how he enjoyed being fed, and he positively gazed at the ginger ale and the book."

"That's a book I've wanted to read all summer," he remarked. "You read out loud and I'll keep the best headed. Say, positively, I could grow quite fond of you, Miss Simpson, and I'm not partial to women, either."

"We had a lovely afternoon and when we started to sail back to the hotel we were surprised to find that the wind had died out completely. So we had to pole in. This process consists of standing in the stern of the boat and twisting one oar around in the water as though you were getting ready to row it out and it is warrant to lay a strong man row in half a mile. Hendricks did two miles of it and I sat there and kept still while he growled and mopped his face and gasped for breath."

"It was when we landed that he seemed finally to remember me. He laid one hand on my shoulder—everybody at the hotel was inside at dinner—and he did not glare. 'Melanie,' he said, sharply, 'I want you to marry me! If you'd so much as opened your mouth to make a suggestion during those two horrible miles I'd have dropped you overboard, but as it is I love you desperately!'"

"That was why Chrissie stayed on—to see if I really was going to accept Hendricks' proposal. She is upstairs now with a bottle of smelling salts because I have just told her that I am."—Chicago Daily News.

## Crisfield's Importance.

The collector of the port of Crisfield, Md., asserts that that place is the first port in the United States in the number of vessels registered. These vessels, however, include a large number of craft designated as "bugeyes, pungies, cunners and bateaus," so that the port's tonnage is not large. Crisfield is also described as the greatest hard and soft shell crab market in the world, and as the center of the Chesapeake bay oyster industry.

Condensed Statement of Condition  
—OF THE—  
**Beaver Dam Deposit Bank**  
O BEAVER DAM, KY.  
At the Close of Business June 29, 1912.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts.....\$197,018.36	Capital Stock.....\$25,000.00
Cash in Safe..... 11,948.43	Surplus..... 27,822.10
Cash in Other Banks. 52,803.52	Dividend No. 30..... 1,250.00
Stocks and Bonds..... 17,504.00	Deposits..... 227,742.54
Overdrafts ..... 540.33	
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures ..... 2,000.00	
Total.....\$281,814.64	Total.....\$281,814.64

The Only Bank in the County on the Honor Roll.  
Accounts Solicited. [Correspondence Invited.]  
Promptness and Accuracy Guaranteed.  
I. P. BARNARD, President.  
JNO. H. BARNES, Cashier.

**AUTOMOBILE TRANSFER.**  
From Hartford to Beaver Dam and Return.  
Splendid car meets all trains.  
Telephone or call at our stable when you want to leave.  
**COOPER & CO.**  
Hartford, Ky.

Division of Home.  
"This late General Booth was a pronounced feminist," said a Cincinnati millionaire. "He dined with me on his last visit to America and expressed the strongest feminist views."  
"There was a little busy chap present who insisted that the man should always be the head of the home, that it was the woman's place to obey, and so forth; but General Booth silenced him rather neatly."  
"Why shouldn't the wife rule the home?" he said. "It's her province. You are always insisting that the home is her province, and yet you won't let her rule her province. My advice to a man like you is simple and short. It is this: Divide the home with your wife."  
"How divide it?" the other asked.  
"Why," said General Booth, "give her the inside and you take the outside."  
Movies Make Target.  
An ingenious adaptation of moving pictures to a shooting gallery has been made by an Englishman. In this gallery the marksmen have the satisfaction of shooting at rapidly moving deer or other animals, and the success of their shots is automatically recorded. In the rear of the gallery is a metal screen painted white. The pictures are thrown on this screen and the rapidly moving objects serve in place of a target, and afford much more excitement. By means of an electrical device in back of the screen a shot that strikes a mortal spot on the deer, or whatever the mark may be, is instantly recorded in the front of the gallery. The marks also show on the white paint, and after these marks become too numerous the screen can be painted over again.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**  
**SOLITE OIL**  
Nothing is more important in the home than clear, steady light. Insure this by getting the oil that burns clear and clean without a flicker down to the last drop. Pennsylvania crude oil refined to perfection. Costs no more than the tank-wagon kind—saves MONEY—saves WORK—saves eyes. Your dealer has SOLITE OIL in barrels direct from our works.  
**Chas. C. Stoll Oil Co.**  
Louisville, Ky.  
Refinery at Warren, Pa.  
We sell the celebrated "No Carb" Auto Oil.



## Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice at Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

C. M. BARNETT, J. NEY FOSTER  
EDITORS

RAMEY E. DUKE, J. NEY FOSTER  
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Address all communications to  
The Hartford Republican.

### NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.  
Unsolicited manuscripts will not be returned unless accompanied by postage.  
Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

### TELEPHONE.

South River..... 123

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1.

### PROGRESSIVE TICKET.



For President,  
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

For Vice President,  
GOV. HIRAM JOHNSON.

For Congress  
E. R. BASSETT.

Gov. Woodrow Wilson would shut the mills and open the soup kitchens.

Why should any farmer vote for Taft or Wilson? Did they not both advocate free trade with Canada in farm products?

President Taft forgot to write his letter of acceptance, but it is perhaps just as well as he can now turn it into a valedictory.

A vote for the Progressive ticket is a vote for the minimum wage scale. Remember this, workman, and stamp under the emblem of Roosevelt.

Is it not preferable to earn from two to four dollars a day than to accept a five cent loaf, while cooling your heels in the bread line?

If you want cheaper living, put the Democrats in control. They will cheapen the output of the farm and factory and bring the price of labor down with it.

When you send off to the other towns to buy what you can buy in your own town you are applying to practice the Democratic tariff idea. It kills home trade and will kill your home town.

Low prices for the necessities of life can not possibly benefit the man out of work or working on half time, with low wages, as was the situation in 1912-1917.

A word to the organized laboring man, a vote in favor of the initiative and referendum, a principle in which nine out of every ten voters believe, but which was left out of both the Democratic and Republican platforms.

Will the same old story about the \$2.00 tariff on an overcoat fool the voters? \$2.00 will purchase a first class overcoat at the present time, but if the tariff for revenue only scheme is inaugurated no one will have the \$2.00.

A word to the organized laboring man. Do you not know that Gov. Wilson has said of you the meanest things ever uttered against you by your bitterest enemies? Do you want him in the White House? If so vote the Democratic ticket.

The campaign managers of Governor Wilson are asking small contributions from manufacturers and working men, whom he would later crush and pauperize, if his scheme of free trade could be established by a Democratic Congress.

After Gov. Wilson's campaign manager for the nomination had spent all of the \$12,500.00 given him by Cyrus McCormick, President of the Haystack Trust, and Gov. Wilson had been nominated for the Presidency, and it had been found out on him, he directed that it be paid back to Mr. McCormick. However, who knows that it was ever paid back.

Mr. Farmer, why should you vote with a party which proposes to lower the price of living by lowering the price of what you have to sell? When you do this, you do so because of blind partisanship or because you are willing to lower your own standing in the commercial world, and take from your wife and children opportunities, which of a right belong to them, and turn them over to some one with whom you have

no acquaintance, and to whom you owe no act of charity whatever. Stamp your ballot under the Progressive emblem, the picture of Roosevelt, and for one time vote for your own interests.

The free trader who asks the farmer to vote the Democratic ticket, does not admit that the only way prices are proposed to be reduced is by the farmer getting less for his crop, while the transportation man, the grocer and the merchant retain their share in the work of distribution. Nobody is talking seriously about reduction of freight rates, cartage, or profit of store keepers in handling the farmers' goods. All the talk is that the farmer must take less than he now gets, and, as it is, he gets on an average about half the price that is paid by the citizen who finally consumes the farmer's products.

The agreement which has been entered into between the Chairmen of the Progressive, Democratic and Republican committees of Ohio county, prohibiting the use of money to influence voters in the coming election, is creditable to all concerned. For years we have preached against the use of money to corrupt elections. We fought it in the old Republican party four years ago, and did our best to get the county committee to make a rule requiring the candidates before the Republican primary to abstain from the use of money except in a legitimate way, but the committee voted it down by one majority and the result was a flood of money in the primary election, which while it probably did not change the result in any one contest, the moral effect was disastrous to a large element of voters. Both old parties in Ohio county have been guilty of the use of money to corrupt elections. Years ago the Democratic party always carried Ohio county with an immense slush fund, and a number of their primary elections were disgracefully corrupt and contributed largely to the down fall of that party in the county. We are glad that we are living in a better day and we shall hail with delight the time when all men will go to the polls and cast their votes according to the dictates of their conscience, in an enlightened manner out for the best interest, as they see it, of the greatest number of people. We are proud that Ohio county has taken advanced ground upon this question, and that she is furnishing a splendid example for the other counties of Kentucky. The day of the common floater, who waited until late in the afternoon for the price of votes to advance, is gone in Ohio county.

Before another issue of this paper the presidential election will be decided and whether our choice is successful or not as good Americans we must abide by the result and make the most of the country's choice. We believe that the Progressive platform presents to the people of the country the most comprehensive and advanced statement of principles ever enunciated in a National platform. It may be too advanced for the present time. If so the members of the new party can rest assured that their ideas will prevail in the near future. The election of Mr. Taft is an impossibility and is so regarded by all well posted men who are taking any thought of the election. The race is undoubtedly between Gov. Wilson and Col. Roosevelt and it is admitted by the enemies of the Progressive party that it is making great strides in the closing days of the campaign, and its success would not be a surprise to a great many people, although it would be a marvel. To think of a new party springing into existence with no organization, no committee, nothing whatever upon which to base an organization and within three months bringing all this machinery into existence and make a winning fight for the presidency would indeed be one of the wonders of the century, and yet with all the present day facilities for quick communication and quick action, with the sentiment already largely molded, it is by no means an impossibility. Col. Roosevelt has made the greatest fight ever waged by any man in behalf of a set of political principles in all the history of our country, and he has shown a personal popularity never attained by any man which the nation has produced, certainly not during his life time. We have had a number of leaders, whose popularity has increased after their death to such an extent that they could have accomplished almost anything, could they have but returned to life. However, in each instance it has required the grim reaper, death, to assuage the hatred and animosity of a large part of our citizenship to make the popularity of these leaders possible. Such was the case with Lincoln and McKinley, but during the life time of each one of these great men their political opponents did not hesitate to go to any extreme in vilification and slander to break down their standing with the people. The members of the Progressive party may rest assured that whatever happens next Tuesday, their organization is thoroughly established, and that this party will be the continuing party with the Democrats in the future in both county, state and Nation. If the Democrats should succeed in electing Dr. Wilson, in the language of Henry Watterson, it will not be many moons after his inauguration before a large element of his party will be thoroughly dissatisfied and disgusted

with him, no matter what course he may pursue as President. The Progressive party will be in a position to take over the element which is sure to split off from Democracy, if triumphant. Especially will this be true in the Southern states, where Democracy has been so long in power in state administrations, and where the people have longed for a strong opposition party with which to straighten out the Democrats and compel them to "clean house." The old Republican party could never build up a strong organization in any of the real Southern states, but that the Progressive party will find thousands of recruits all over the end of Dixie within the next few years, is our prediction.

### MUTUAL AID.

"Cinched." This word at the head of an article in this week's Hartford Herald we presume is meant to flatten the universe or convey the idea that someone has been totally obliterated from existence, as it were. To prove that the senior editor of this paper has always been a "Taft Republican," and by the way it spends one week trying to establish this fact and the next that he has always been against Col. Roosevelt, the Hartford Herald recently quoted from the platform adopted at the State Senatorial convention held at Beaver Dam almost a year ago, and which platform Mr. Barnett had not the slightest to do with, as an examination of the report of that convention shows that the Resolutions Committee was composed of Messrs. E. Bradley, E. P. Taylor, Jett W. Hines, C. F. Keown and W. P. Thomas, gentlemen, thoroughly capable of drafting a platform and we presume they did so, as the writer was not present. The Herald introduced as a witness, Post Master R. B. Martin, Chairman of the Ohio County Republican Committee, who says that he helped the senior editor of this paper draft the platform. If Mr. Martin will consult his memory he will recollect that the platform he helped to form was for the Ohio County Convention, which sent delegates to the Senatorial Convention and this platform together with the platform adopted by the Butler County Republicans was read by Mr. Foster at Beaver Dam, who happened to be Secretary of the Convention, and Mr. Foster says that he did not present any resolutions on any paper to that Convention, but that he doubtless read these two platforms, merely acting in the capacity of Secretary to the Convention.

In constructing the County platform the only interest which the senior editor of this paper had was endorsing Judge O'Rear. Mr. Martin, being an applicant for the post office was interested in endorsing President Taft and Senator Bradley. The Herald might also have dug up the platform adopted by the State Convention at Louisville last year and found that Mr. Barnett was a member of the platform committee which endorsed Mr. Taft for re-nomination. However, Mr. Barnett was opposed to this endorsement, and has always been opposed to Mr. Taft, for the nomination and voted for him as a Republican nominee four years ago with great reluctance. But what difference does it make whether the senior editor of this paper has heretofore supported President Taft or not? This is not a question in this campaign. He is now a Progressive and holds no allegiance to the Republican party whatever. But what we would like explained, to the Progressives of both the old Republican party and the Democratic party in Ohio County is how it happens that Mr. Martin, the Chairman of the Republican County Committee, and Mr. Matthews, the editor of the Herald, are in the same bed just at this time, and Mr. Martin readily furnishing testimony for that paper against the editors of this paper, who happen to belong to the Progressives. It looks to us like mutual aid between two standpatters. Ohio County voters will no doubt take the same view.

### Hager Sees That T. R. Will Poll Large Vote.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 25.—That Colonel Roosevelt will poll 110,000 votes in Kentucky this fall is the opinion of Judge John F. Hager, of Ashland. Judge Hager is a member of the Kentucky Democratic Finance Committee for Kentucky and was a visitor in this city today. Progressives predict that estimate will fall about 50,000 short.

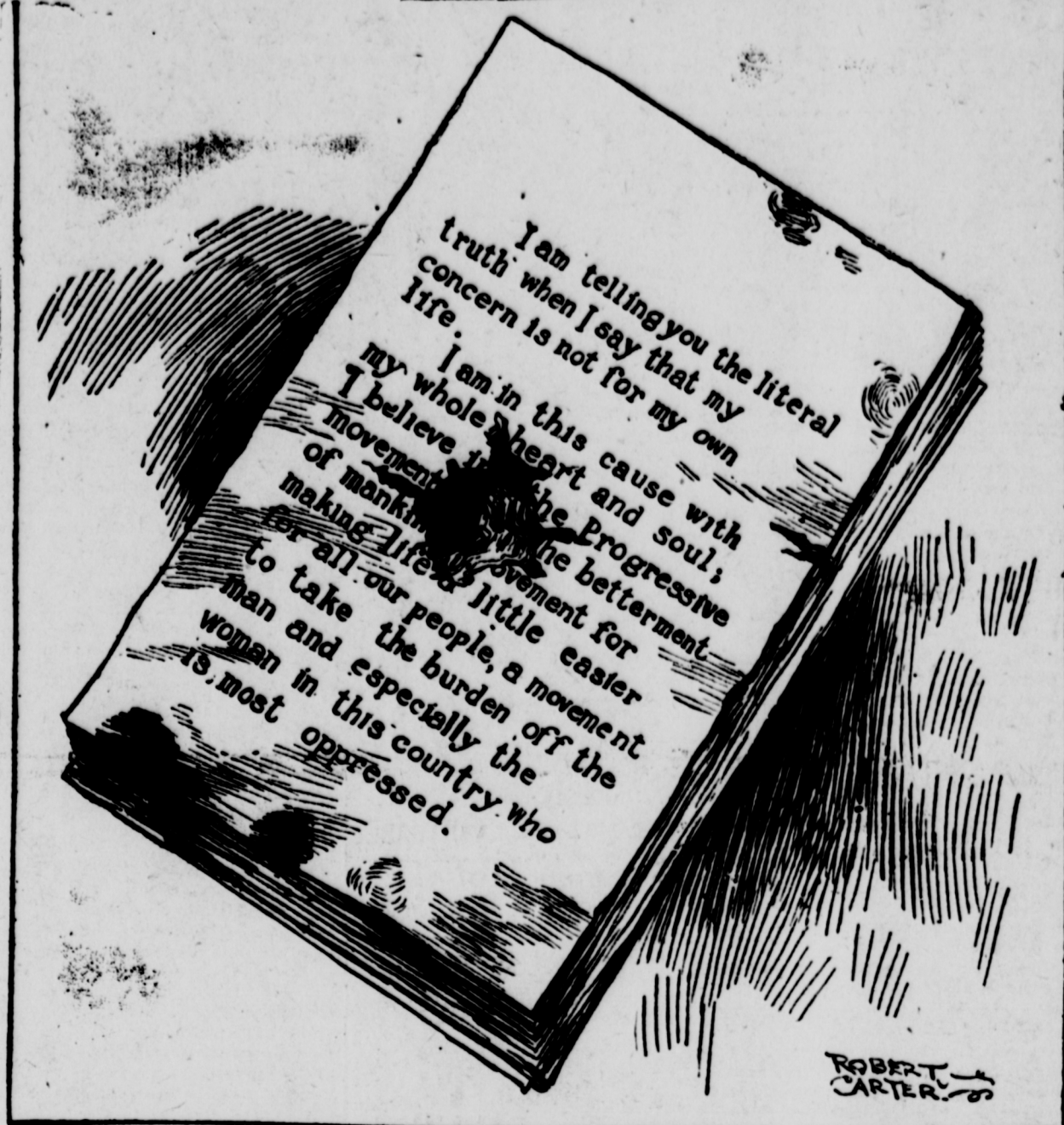
The boy's appetite is often the source of amazement. If you would have such an appetite take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only create a healthy appetite but strengthen the stomach and enable it to do its work naturally. For sale by all dealers.

### Last Call for Taxes.

Deputy Sheriff G. P. Jones will be at the following places at times indicated to collect your taxes before the penalty is added.  
Taffy, Monday, Nov. 11, a. m.  
Adamsburg, Monday, Nov. 11, p. m.  
Magan, Tuesday, Nov. 12.  
Ralph, Wednesday, Nov. 13.  
Bells Run, Thursday, Nov. 14.  
Pleasant Ridge, Friday, Nov. 15, a. m.  
Maxwell, Friday, Nov. 15, p. m.  
Buford, Saturday, Nov. 16.  
Heflin, Monday, Nov. 18.

T. H. BLACK, S. O. C.

## A MESSAGE



Extract from Colonel Roosevelt's Speech delivered immediately after he was shot.

## THE CAUSE NOT THE MAN

What Col. Roosevelt Said to His Milwaukee Audience.

### NO CONCERN FOR HIS OWN LIFE

In the Greatest Campaign Speech on Record, With a Bullet in His Body, He Answered Forever the Argument That the Progressive Party is a One-Man Movement.

The speech that Col. Roosevelt delivered at Milwaukee with a bullet in his body was the most dramatic campaign utterance on record.

Just before he rose to speak Henry F. Cochems, head of the Progressive Party's Speakers' bureau and a Milwaukee man, came forward and said: "In presenting Col. Roosevelt to you, good citizens, good fathers and good civilians, you should know that the Colonel comes to you in the spirit of a good soldier."

"As we were leaving the hotel a few moments ago a dastardly hand raised a revolver and fired a shot at him, and the Colonel speaks as a soldier with a bullet in his breast; where, we don't know."

A shudder ran through the audience, accompanied by cries of "Oh, Oh," from the women present, who made up half of the audience.

Col. Roosevelt stepped forward and was greeted with a cheer that shook the building. He had the old grin on his face, and it was hard for the audience to credit the statement that he stood there like a soldier with the lead of an enemy in his body.

That there was no question of this was shown by a little incident. When the Colonel started to read his notes he took his spectacle case from the vest pocket, and turning to those just about him, exhibited it, indicating where the bullet of the assassin had nicked it. This brought another sympathetic cheer, to which Mr. Roosevelt responded with one of his smiles and began his talk.

"Friends, I shall ask you to be as quiet as possible," he said. "I don't know whether you fully understand that I have just been shot, but it takes more than that to kill a Bull Moose. (Cheers.) But fortunately I had my manuscript, so you see I was going to make a long speech (holds up manuscript with bullet hole) and there is a bullet—there is where the bullet went through and it probably saved me from it going into my heart. The bullet is in me now, so that I cannot make a very long speech, but I will try my best. (Cheers.)"

"And now, friends, I want to take advantage of this incident and say a word of solemn warning as I know how to my fellow countrymen. First of all I want to say this about myself: I have altogether too important things to think of to feel any concern over my own death, and now I cannot speak to you insincerely within five minutes of being shot."

"I am telling you the literal truth when I say that my concern is for other things. It is not in the

least for my own life. I want you to understand that I am ahead of the game anyway. (Applause and cheers.) No man has had a happier life than I have led; happier life in every way. I have been able to do certain things that I greatly wished to do and I am interested in doing other things."

"I can tell you with absolute truthfulness that I am very much uninterested in whether I am shot or not. It was just as when I was colonel of my regiment. I always felt that a private was to be excused for feeling at times some pangs of anxiety about his personal safety, but I cannot understand a man fit to be a Colonel who can pay any heed to his personal safety when he is occupied, as he ought to be occupied, with the absorbing desire to do his duty. (Applause and cheers.)"

"I am in this cause with my whole heart and soul. I believe that the Progressive movement is for making life a little easier for all our people; a movement to try to take the burdens off the men and especially the women and children of this country. I am absorbed in the success of that movement."

"I regard this incident as of infinitesimal importance as compared with the great issues at stake in this campaign, and I ask it not for my sake—not the least in the world, but for the sake of our common country that our opponents make up their mind to speak only the truth, and not to use the kind of slander and mendacity which, if taken seriously, must incite weak and violent natures to crimes of violence."

## THE LEADER AND THE CAUSE

Put Into Concrete Form Deep-Rooted Aspirations of Millions of Americans.

### A PROOF OF CONSECRATION

Roosevelt Has Made Progressives, but He Did Not Make Progressivism—He Crystallized the Longings of Men but the Party Principles Were Born Long Ago in the Hearts of the Nation.

Roosevelt the ambitious egotist, the would-be Caesar—that monstrous figure of caricature drawn by enmity and malice has been destroyed, never to reappear. But we fancy the other thought—that this is a "one-man movement"—still persists, and it is upon this point that we purpose to speak with somewhat personal emphasis.

With the narrow escape from the tragedy fresh in mind, we say that Colonel Roosevelt was not the creator of the Progressive movement, that he is not the guarantor of its permanency nor his life necessary to its ultimate success.

The Progressive cause and the Progressive party are at this time millions of votes stronger because, responding to the call of duty, he sacri-

ficed ease and braved misinterpretation to become their leader. The establishment of social and industrial justice in this country is, we believe nearer by a quarter of a century because of the work unselfishly done by this great man.

But he did not create the cause. He has made Progressives, but he did not make Progressivism. He is, it has been said, the "political parent" of Folk and Hadley and Johnson and Wilson and others who have won prominence in the faith. But he did not implant in the breasts of men the aspirations for freedom and justice which the cause embodies.

The principles which now are set forth for the first time by a great political party as a "contract with the people" have long been the growing beliefs of millions of citizens. Roosevelt during his presidency began to interpret them and to put into concrete form and phrase these aspirations and convictions.

Like all effective leaders of historic movements, he crystallized and gave visible substance to the deep-rooted longings of men. He voiced what millions felt. But the cause was born in the heart of this nation, and there lies its strength. Even though that bullet had not been providentially deflected that marvelous fraction of an inch and he had fallen a martyr, the cause would still have gone on, because it is in harmony with the irresistible forces of human growth and evolution.

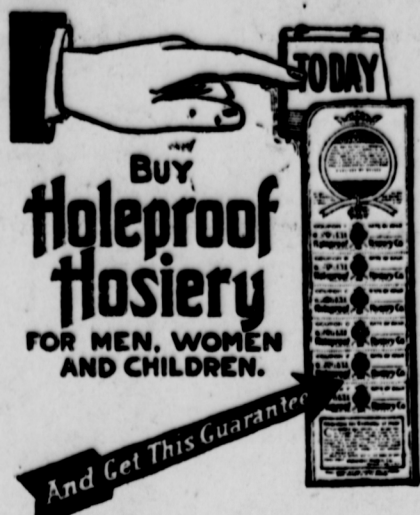
Had Grant died in the field, would that have meant the permanent disruption of the Union? His loss would have cost battles, but it could not have prevented the ultimate triumph of his cause. So if the Progressive leader had fallen, there would have been profound sorrow for the passing of a loyal friend and leader, but no feeling of hopelessness.

If this seems a cold and calculating view let us say that we believe it is the view Theodore Roosevelt would have his followers take. We believe that had he lost his life the epitaph he would wish to be written of him would be that he had served well, but that, as he himself said in the face of death, the cause would go on without him.

This was what moved him to that supreme proof of devotion last Monday night. This has been his spirit since the beginning. He showed it when, confronting the formidable nomination of Governor Wilson, he decided to make the fight. He said he felt like a soldier under orders: if he was summoned even to lead a forlorn hope, he must obey.

And this, we believe, is the view of the great body of Progressives. They look upon Roosevelt as an unequalled figure of brave and sagacious leadership; they are profoundly grateful for the strength that he gives to the movement, and they rejoice that he is spared to head the march to victory. But they know the cause would not have died with him, because it is founded on the eternal principles of justice, because it is the cause of humanity.





We want to call your attention to our varied Hosiery stock. We carry nothing but representative lines--hose that you can depend on. We place at the top of this list our Hole-Proof Hose, six pairs guaranteed to wear you six months or new ones in their places. So don't "mend the end, but end the mend." This you will do if you wear our famous Hole-Proof Hosiery.

We have also the celebrated Black Cat stockings for children at 15c and 25c per pair. Buy your hose from us, and remember that IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH A HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

**FAIR & CO.**  
THE FAIR DEALERS

I have installed the latest button making machine and am prepared to make all kinds of buttons. Give me a call.  
A. I. NALL,  
Hartford, Ky.

WANTED--150 Chesnut telephone poles 25 feet long. Not less than 6 inches in diameter at small end.  
OHIO COUNTY FARMERS MUTUAL TELEPHONE CO.,  
Adv.  
Hartford, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Wallace, of Dalton, Tex., and Mrs. Alfred Wallace and Arnold Wallace, Hartford, route 2, who have been visiting relatives in and around Fordsville for several days were in Hartford Friday and Saturday.

The first quarterly meeting for the Beaver Dam Circuit will be held at Liberty Church, November 2 and 3. Preaching by the Presiding Elder, Rev. Thompson Saturday morning at 10:30 and also at 7 o'clock in the evening and 11 a. m. Sunday.

The American Oil Well Supply Co. has rented the two-story brick building, corner Main and Center streets, formerly occupied by the Hartford Drug Co., and will open up in a few days. They will handle all kinds of machinery and other oil supplies.

Miss Lorena Travis, the nine-year-old daughter of John Henry Travis, of the Washington neighborhood died Wednesday after several days illness. Funeral services were held at the Washington church Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock and interment followed at the Patterson graveyard.

Beaver Dam Chapter of the Eastern Star gave an elaborate banquet at that place last Saturday night, and the chapters at Hartford and McHenry were invited. Those who attended from Hartford were Mrs. U. S. Carson, Mrs. Fred Cooper, Misses Willye Smith, Anna Patton, Ruth and Hattie Riley.

Rev. S. J. Thompson, Presiding Elder of the Owensboro District of the M. E. Church, South, will preach at the court house Sunday night and administer the sacrament of the Lord's supper and hold the business session of the quarterly conference Monday afternoon.

Miss Dixie Moseley, route 2, and Mr. Alvin Ward, route 7, were married at the bride's home Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Rev. T. V. Joiner officiating. Immediately after the ceremony the bridal party left for the home of the groom's mother, Mrs. George Ward, where a wedding dinner was served.

Mrs. Frank Maples, who lived between Hartford and Horton, died very suddenly Wednesday night. She awakened her husband in the night and was suffering agonies. He was unable to give any assistance and Mrs. Maples died in a few minutes. She leaves a child besides the husband. Mrs. Maples was a daughter of E. M. Miller.

Miss Violet Barnard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Monnie Barnard, route 3, and Mr. Perry Crane, of Butler, Ky., son of Rev. Crane, who was formerly pastor of the No Creek church, were married at the bride's home yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. Rev. Eli Wesley officiating. After the ceremony the young couple left for Butler, where they will reside.

Dr. J. F. DeWitt, of Lewisport, Ky., is in Hartford the guest of Mrs. W. T. Woodward. Dr. DeWitt performed the marriage ceremony for Mrs. Woodward and her husband nearly fifty years ago. He was located at Beda for the practice of his profession during the Civil War, but for many years has devoted his life to the ministry. It has been twenty-five years since he has been in this County.

Esq. B. S. Chamberlain, of No Creek, has sold his farm to Mr. Alex. Carson, who will be given possession not later than Nov. 15. Mr. Chamberlain, who has served for some years as one of the county's efficient magistrates will move with his family to Owensboro, where he has accepted a position as secretary-treasurer of the City Coal and Contract Co. We regret very much to lose Esq. Chamberlain and family from this county, but wish them much success in their new home.

Mr. Ashford Mills of route 3 brought to this office this week an interesting war time relic in the way of a \$3 note, which was issued by the Confederate States of America. The note was sent to Mr. Mills to keep for the local post of the Grand Army of the Republic. These notes came into the possession of the Union Army about the close of the Civil War, and were turned over by the War Department to the Treasury of the United States in the year 1867. The notes will be held for safe keeping so as to render them of permanent value to the Grand Army just as a historical relic.

"There could be no better medicine than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My children were all sick with whooping cough. One of them was in bed, had a high fever and was coughing up blood. Our doctor gave them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the first dose eased them, and three bottles cured them," says Mrs. R. A. Donaldson, of Lexington, Miss. For sale by all dealers.

W. E. ELIAS,  
Produce Merchant,  
Hartford, Ky.

SALESMAN WANTED--to look after our interest in Ohio and adjacent counties. Salary or Commission. Address LINCOLN OIL CO.,  
Cleveland, O.

Hartford Chapter No. 8 of the Eastern Star will entertain its members on November 11 at Fordsville Hall. Miss Adeline Polakowsky, a member of Louisville, has been elected for the evening.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

## LOUISVILLE PENSION AGENCY WILL CLOSE

Washington Officials Believe Removal Will Reduce Expenses-

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 28.--Simultaneously with the removal of the local pension agency to Washington, on February 1, in compliance with a recent act of Congress, Major Andrew T. Wood, head of the department here, will retire from the service. Major Wood, who has served as pension agent for more than eight years, received his appointment from President Roosevelt. He is now 77 years old. He will return to his home in Mt. Sterling.

The last quarterly payment of pensions at the local office will begin November 4 when approximately \$1,500.00 will be distributed among pensioners of this district. During his term of office, Major Wood has supervised the payment of about \$33,000.00.

The responsibilities of the pension agent are many. Major Wood is under a bond of \$25,000, and great care is constantly required to prevent mistakes in the payments. Major Wood says that in his present feeble health, he does not care to undertake this any longer.

While the closing of the office here would end Major Wood's work as pension agent, he would have been given an equal position in Washington. The change made by Congress affects eighteen agencies in different parts of the country. All of them will be consolidated with the main office, and all the payments will be made from there. The reason for the change is the belief that the Government would save money by so doing.

Is your husband cross? An irritable, fault finding disposition is often due to a disorganized stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently cured of stomach trouble by taking Chamberlain's Tablets. For sale by all dealers.

### Notice in Bankruptcy.

In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Kentucky.

In the matter of J. W. Cox & Son, a partnership composed of James W. Cox and Heber E. Cox, individually bankrupt.

On this 28th day of October A. D., 1912, on considering the petition of the aforesaid bankrupt for discharge, filed on the 31st day of August A. D., 1912, it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 14th day of December A. D., 1912, before said court at Louisville in said district, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, or as near thereto as practicable, and that notice thereof be published one time in The Hartford Republican, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

WITNESS the Honorable Walter Eans, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, at Louisville in said district, on the 28th day of October A. D., 1912.  
A. G. RONOLD, Clerk.

### What Texan Admire

is healthy, vigorous life, according to Hugh Tallman, of San Antonio. "We find," he writes, "that Dr. King's New Life Pills surely put new life and energy into a person. Wife and I believe they are the best made." Excellent for stomach, liver or kidney troubles. 25 cts at all druggists.

## The Wrong Glass

If your present Glasses fail to give you ease and comfort, there's something wrong. Is it your Glasses or your Eyes?

### That's a Vital Question With You

Either is bad enough and should bring you to us at once.

We like to discover unusual eye defects, the kind that puzzle the AVERAGE Optician.

"Glasses Right, Good Sight."

**J. B. TAPPAN**

The Reliable Jeweler and Optician.

Hartford, - Ky.

# CLOAKS!



We have always made a special effort to show an extra strong line of Ladies' Misses' and Children's Cloaks and from the growth of our business in this department the ladies know this to be true.

This season we are stronger than ever and the new fabrics as well as the new styles makes our showings all the more attractive. We show practically all the new fabrics: Chinchilla, Astricons, Plushes, Serges and a great line of fancy rough Cheviots at a wide range of prices. The children's line is larger and more

varied than you have ever seen before. We ask your kind consideration of these garments sufficient to bring you in to look them over. We will let the cloaks do the talking.  
Ladies' Cloaks \$3, \$5, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10, \$12.50, \$15, \$17.50, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$27.50.  
Children's Cloaks \$1.50 up to \$10.

**E. P. Barnes & Bro.**  
BEAVER DAM, KY.

# English Models in Men's CLOTHES!

Fancy Weaves and Plain Worsted  
\$10, \$12.50, \$15, \$18 and \$20.

We Also Have What You Want in  
**NORFOLKS**  
In Browns, Greys and Blues  
\$15 and \$20.

Every garment in our store is new and right up to the minute in style.

**THANKSGIVING CLOTHES TIME NOW!**

**Rosenblatt's**

(In Connection With S. Rosenblatt, Hawesville.)

**HARTFORD, - KY.**

## Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1.

### M. H. & E. Railroad Time Table at Hartford, Ky.

L. & N. time card effective Monday Aug. 21st.  
No. 112 North Bound due 7:19 a. m. daily except Sunday.  
No. 114 North Bound due 3:40 p. m. daily except Sunday.  
No. 115 South Bound due 8:45 a. m. daily except Sunday.  
No. 113 South Bound due 1:46 p. m. daily except Sunday.  
H. E. MISCHKE Agt.

Mrs. John G. Krown was in Louisville this week.

Col. J. C. Dunnett, of Midway, Ky., is the guest of Mr. J. C. Riley.

FOR SALE--Well paying location. Address. Editor this office. Adv.

Mr. Gibson Fielden, Pleasant Ridge, is the guest of Mrs. Ernest Woodward.

FOR SALE--A well paying location. Address, "Doctor," this office. Adv.

Mr. Horace Taylor, of the Liberty neighborhood, was a pleasant caller at this office Tuesday.

Miss Robbie Barnard, of Madisonville, will arrive Monday to be the guest of the Misses Riley.

Mrs. Ben D. Ringo returned to her home at Owensboro Saturday after a visit here with friends.

Cash Coupon Tickets from Be Up, given on the Talking Machine at Ohio County Drug Co. 10c Adv.

Mr. Clarence Barnard, who has been sick of typhoid fever for several days, is in a serious condition.

If you need a good wheat drill call and see me about the kind I sell. 2c Adv. S. L. KING, Hartford, Ky.

If you want a home on the farm see 10c Adv. ELLI WESLEY.

Hartford, Ky., R. F. D. No. 3

Mr. Wallace Royal, of Fordsville, who has been visiting the family of J. T. Wallace, east of town, returned home Monday.

Whenever your purchases amount to \$5 at the Ohio County Drug Co. agree you get a Harmony Talking Machine free. 10c Adv.

Save your laundry for us. We represent Spaulding Laundry of Louisville. Satisfaction guaranteed. Leave your work at R. W. King's jewelry store.

15c CECIL FELIX & ROSE TAYLOR











## Roosevelt Delegate for Taft

Letter of Wm. Heyburn, President of that party, I cannot now leave the delegate from Louisville to the Republican National Convention.

Louisville, Ky., October 25, 1912. Mr. Charles L. School, Louisville, Ky. My dear Sir:

Referring to your question as to what candidate I have decided to vote for for President at the November election, I would say that I am going to vote for Messrs. Taft and Sherman, whom I regard as the regular nominees for the Republican Party.

I attended the Chicago Convention as a Roosevelt delegate, but from my observation and experience there, I considered it was fortunate for the country and for the Republican Party as well, that Mr. Roosevelt was not nominated. I became convinced that Mr. Roosevelt's candidacy was the result of personal ambition and not for the purpose of furthering any particular policies or principles. I believe that with Mr. Roosevelt's cooperation it was possible for the Progressive element of the Republican Party to have nominated Governor Hadley or Senator Cummins, to have made any changes in the platform that might have been desirable, to have revised the rules so as to eliminate the authority of the National Committee, to have ever such authority as they had might be abused, and more important than all, to preserve the integrity and usefulness of the Republican Party.

Mr. Roosevelt's followers, by reason of their passionately stormy methods, used where no principles could possibly be involved with the same vehemence as before principles might be involved, destroyed my confidence in their level-headedness and good judgment. I was well prepared by what I saw at Chicago, for the lack of the sense of proportion that lead to the action of the Roosevelt supporters in undertaking to establish the Progressive Party.

As for myself, I can see no hope of accomplishing progressive measures by the procedure, and grave danger of weakening the influence of the Republican Party for good along many lines.

The Republican platform relative to tariff policies appeals to me with peculiar force. I have had the advantage of knowing something about the working of tariff schedules and tariff policies on business, and, without feeling intolerant of the opinion of other men, am satisfied that the Republican policy of protection is for the general interest as well as general prosperity. I believe that if Dr. Wilson is elected President, he will probably call an extra session of Congress, to revise the tariff, and immediately business will stagnate. The demand for the products of the farm and factory will drop off, and the necessary accompaniment to this will be a falling market. If the tariff schedules are so made as to handicap American producers with serious competition from abroad, where the price of labor is so much lower than here, the condition of stagnation will be permanent, or until the policy is changed. If the change made by such a special session not such as to bring the American consumer into competition with the foreign producer, I can see no logic in changing the tariff. Hence the program of the Democratic Party becomes a futile one.

No one who is thoughtful can doubt that if the Democratic Party is elected to power by a large majority, as some claim it will be, it will be a very radical free trade, or "tariff for revenue only" party. No honeyed protection phrases of Dr. Wilson, delivered in Pittsburgh to placate the voters in the district, where protection sentiment is supposed to be extensive, will change this fact. Those who vote for Dr. Wilson, should do it with the full knowledge of what it means, and should not vote for him unless they believe in the tariff for revenue only, which is the real meaning of the Democratic platform and the real intention of the Democratic Party. Those who believe in a protective tariff policy and expect to make their vote effective, should in my opinion, stay with the Republican Party, whether in their opinion it is organized in every detail to suit them or not.

Yours very truly,  
WILLIAM HEYBURN.  
Republican Campaign Committee Ohio County.

Letter of Judge B. J. Bethurum, of Somerset, Ky., Roosevelt Delegate from the Eleventh District to the National Republican Convention.

Somerset, Ky., Oct. 7, 1912. Mr. H. T. Antberry, Tompkinsville, Ky. Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your letter of the 5th instant, in which you invite me to make some speeches in Monroe county for the Progressive ticket, in answer to the same will say, that I must decline to do so for the reason that I do not belong to the "third party," but am a Republican and expect to loyally support that party and its ticket in the coming election.

I was, as you know, a supporter of Mr. Roosevelt, before the Convention at Chicago, and while some things were indicated in at that Convention to bring about the defeat of the Colonel that I do not endorse nor approve, yet, having always affiliated with the Republican organization, and having always been perfectly satisfied with the principles

of that party, I cannot now leave the party that has such a glorious record of achievement, and follow Mr. Roosevelt into a new third party, simply because some members of that party have done wrong. While yet young, I was taught by my parents that the Republican party was the one political organization that stood by the rights of the people, that stood for liberty, for progress, that stood for the maintenance of the credit of the country both at home and abroad. I was further taught that this old party was born during a crisis in the nation's history; that it sprang into existence as the champion of the liberty of a shackled race, and not only gave them their liberty, but gave to them the franchise as well. I find that history verifies and confirms all of my early teachings, and that the great party has continued throughout all these years to meet and master the great, difficult problems of government and skillfully and prudently manage the affairs of our country. No other party can boast of so much. A party with a record like ours should not die, but should live forever. I am one who believes that its mission for good is not spent, is not at an end, but that it will continue in the future, as in the past, to respond to the country's needs. When Colonel Roosevelt decided to withdraw from the Republican party, and form a new and distinct third party, then like Governor Hadley and others of his original supporters, I decided that I could not follow him longer, but would stand by the party of Lincoln, Grant and McKinley, which has bestowed upon me so many honors and favors in the past. With very kind regards, I am, Yours sincerely,  
B. J. BETHURUM.  
Republican Campaign Committee Ohio County.

Think it over, either Mr. Taft or Mr. Wilson will be elected President.

In Kentucky, the Progressive Party will fall far short of securing the required number of votes to qualify it as a political party within the provisions of our election laws. This is indicated clearly by their insignificant registration, and by the reports received by the Committee, of conditions throughout the State.

Since the middle of September, the drift has been steadily toward the reelection of Mr. Taft and is increasing in force as the election draws near. The reason for this is apparent to any one giving the matter moment's consideration. Continuous employment is at hand for all those who desire to find it and remunerative prices reward the producers. This means comfort for the people generally and accounts also for the absence of political excitement.

The violation of the most sacred tradition of the Republic; opposition to a third term as President for any man, and the economical theories and vital constitutional changes involved in the candidacy of Mr. Roosevelt, are issues of extreme importance, but the fact that his defeat is conceded by all, except his most ardent supporters, has to a large extent eliminated them from consideration.

The race being between the Republican and Democratic Candidates; our confidence that the good judgment of the people will lead them to re-elect Mr. Taft is based upon the record; the Republican Party believes in, and will adhere to the Protective tariff system.

The Democratic party believes in tariff for revenue only, which means free trade, and, if placed in power, will, if true to their platform declaration, seek at once to wipe out and destroy all elements of protection in our tariff laws. Their platform declarations of 1892 and 1912 on this question are identical and, in both, a protective tariff is denounced as unconstitutional.

In 1892 the Democratic Party was successful upon this issue and they tried their hand on the tariff and the results are well remembered. Distress, misery, want and actual starvation were general throughout the land and continued until the election of McKinley and the restoration of the Republican Party to control. They, of course, try to explain and absolve themselves of responsibility for the result, but they cannot deny actual conditions as they existed during their complete control of the executive and legislative branches of our government.

Now the country prospers. Business prostration in any line exists nowhere within its borders. The affairs of the government have been economical and efficiently administered. The government's control of trusts has been strengthened. A surplus remains in the treasury after the payment of all expenses. The trade of the country is larger than at any other period in its history.

A Republican Administration with Mr. Taft as its head, has been and is now in charge. We know what we have in 1912. We know what we got as a result of 1892.

Under the one prosperity and plenty, under the other disaster and distress. The only safe course lies in holding on to that which is good. Danger lurks in a change. No risk exists in a change. Then why take it? A vote for Roosevelt is worse than wasted; it is a vote to take the risk.

So, Mr. Voter, whatever may be your

occupation, think it over, while you yet have time, and let your vote square with your judgment.

Republican State Campaign Committee.  
W. D. COCHRAN, Chm'n.  
ALVIS S. BENNETT, Sec'y.  
Political Advertisement.

### For Sale.

One well drill and engine for sale or trade. Cheap. Call on or address.  
W. S. BAKER.  
Adv. 1512. Ceraivo, Ky.

### Who Was the Republican Choice?

If there is left any doubt in the mind of a Republican voter as to the real choice of his party for the presidential nomination let him scan the figures from the vote in the presidential primary States. The fact that Roosevelt is now on the Progressive ticket merely proves that the bosses overruled the will of the vast majority of the party. Here are the figures:

	Roosevelt and Progressive vote.	Taft.
California	181,439	63,375
Illinois	209,609	127,481
Massachusetts	85,157	86,722
Maryland	23,121	26,639
Nebraska	63,580	13,351
North Dakota	65,580	13,351
Ohio	181,379	118,322
Oregon	51,396	20,617
Pennsylvania	238,502	106,363
South Dakota	53,438	9,852
Wisconsin	133,582	47,511
Total	1,448,875	751,273

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

### Agreement.

Hartford, Ky., Oct. 23, 1912.

As chairman of the campaign committees of the Progressive, Democratic and Republican parties of Ohio county, we agree not to use or cause to be used in the approaching election any intoxicating liquors in any way or for any purpose. We further agree not to use, countenance, or encourage, but will endeavor to prevent the use of money or other things of value, for the purpose of bribing voters to cast their ballots in any particular way, or to cause them to cast them at all, not to cast them, to attend the election for the purpose of voting and will not offer, encourage, countenance or promise position, money, or other things to influence voters in any of the above ways, and not to intimidate or cause to be intimidated, or threaten any voter in order to secure his vote or to get him to attend or remain away from the election, but will endeavor to prevent all such practices.

We further agree to report and make affidavit, after the election, that no money was sent into the county by the State committee, or other members of our parties, to our knowledge, except that controlled by our respective committees and that this agreement shall be published in the Hartford Herald on October 30th, and the Hartford Republican on November 1st.

We further agree that after the election that we will each prepare a sworn statement for publication in the two county papers, an itemized list or statement of all moneys received for campaign purposes and from what source received and an itemized statement of the disbursements.

J. NEY FOSTER,

Progressive Cam. Chm'n. Ohio Co.

C. M. CROWE,

Dem. Cam. Chm'n. Ohio Co.

OTTO C. MARTIN,

Rep. Cam. Chm'n. Ohio Co.

### Escaped An Awful Fate

A thousand tongues could not express the gratitude of Mrs. J. E. Cox, of Joliet, Ill., for her wonderful deliverance from an awful fate. "Typhoid pneumonia had left me with a dreadful cough," she writes. "Sometimes I had such awful coughing spells I thought I would die. I could get no help from doctor's treatment or other medicines till I used Dr. King's New Discovery. But I owe my life to this wonderful remedy for I scarcely cough at all now." Quick and safe, its the most reliable of all throat and lung medicines. Every bottle guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at all druggists.

### Last Call for Taxes.

Deputy Sheriff S. O. Keown will be at the following places on day named to collect your taxes.

Beaver Dam, Tuesday, Nov. 5.  
McHenry, Saturday, Nov. 9.  
Dundee, Monday, Nov. 11.  
Deanfield, Tuesday, Nov. 12.  
Herbert, Wednesday, Nov. 13.  
Trisler, Thursday, Nov. 14, forenoon.  
Shreve, Thursday, Nov. 14, afternoon.  
Fondsville, Friday and Saturday, Nov. 15 and 16.  
Conertown, Tuesday, Nov. 19.  
Matanzas, Wednesday, Nov. 20.  
Equality, Thursday, Nov. 21.  
Ceraivo, Friday, Nov. 22.  
Rockport, Saturday, Nov. 23.  
Wagon, Tuesday, Nov. 26.  
Prenis, Wednesday, Nov. 27.  
Cromwell, Friday, Nov. 29.  
Adv. T. H. BLACK, Sheriff

## Progressive Speaking Well Attended

Hon. Mat J. Holt, of Louisville, and E. R. Bassett, of Letchfield, the Progressive candidate for Congress from the Fourth district addressed a large crowd at the court house here Saturday afternoon. Both gentlemen were introduced by Hon. Ernest Woodward, who in introducing Mr. Holt gave a splendid explanation of the initiative, referendum and recall, and showed that the Progressive Party was fighting for this, as well as many other measures of interest to the welfare of the common people. Mr. Holt spoke at some length, and as he was at both of the Chicago conventions, he knew exactly how the steam roller put Col. Roosevelt out of the running even though the people had declared themselves for him, and how the National Committee nominated Mr. Taft. He showed the marked difference between the two conventions. The first, or Taft convention, was surrounded by hundreds of policemen and sergeant at arms, while the convention held in June, at which Mr. Roosevelt was nominated by the Progressives was opened with prayer and songs were sung. Mr. Holt pointed out that everywhere in the entire Union, where the people had a chance to express their opinion in primaries, Mr. Roosevelt, and that it was only in the South which is Democratic, and states where packed conventions were held that Mr. Taft was the choice, and also that in the primary states Col. Roosevelt received nearly one half million plurality over Taft and La Follette. Mr. Holt's entire address was well received and applauded.

Mr. Bassett, who followed Mr. Holt, is a business man, and while not the orator as Mr. Holt, made a splendid business like speech, and declared that the government should run upon business methods, and not by self-seeking politicians. He showed Mr. Roosevelt's record as a public servant and explained why he should serve the people as President this time. He pointed out the many things that Roosevelt has done for the laboring people of our country and that Mr. Wilson has spoken against organizations and quoted Mr. Wilson in his address at Princeton University in 1903, which was at a time before his mind was fired by political ambitions and when his utterances revealed what was really and truthfully in his heart, quoting as follows:

"There is another as formidable an enemy to equality and opportunity as the capitalist, the labor opportunity and leader, quite as monopolistic in spirit as the capitalist and quite as apt to corrupt and ruin our industry by their monopoly. The tendency of the modern labor unions is to give to employers as little labor as possible for the amount they receive. It is so unprofitable to the employer that it will presently not be worth while to attempt anything at all."

He contrasted these utterances of Prof. Wilson to the attitude of Col. Roosevelt toward the abolition of child labor. No wage earner, man, woman or child shall be compelled to work seven days a week; pensions shall be paid workmen in case of sickness, irregular employment and old age. Safety and health standards shall be established by law in every industry and that labor shall get a square deal and other actions on important measures in which Roosevelt has taken the lead.

Mr. Bassett and Mr. Holt spoke at McHenry Saturday night to a large crowd, which was quite a contrast to the score of people who met at that place on the night before to hear Mr. Pentecost, of Henderson, who was there to speak for Mr. Taft.

**The Demons of the Swamp** are mosquitoes. As they sting they put deadly malaria germs in the blood. Then follow the chills and the fires of fever. The appetite flies and the strength falls; also malaria often paves the way for deadly typhoid. But Electric Bitters kill and cast out the malaria germs from the blood; give you a fine appetite and renew your strength. "After long suffering," wrote Wm. Frauwel, of Laramie, N. C., "three bottles drove all the malaria from my system, and I've had good health ever since." Best for all stomach, liver and kidney ills. 50 cts. at all druggists.

### BALD KNOB.

Oct. 23.—Revival meeting began at Mt. Pleasant last Thursday night and at Green River Sunday night.

Mr. Jim Flenor and sister, Minnie, of Cromwell, visited their sister, Mrs. Dora Leach Sunday.

Mr. Cornelius Haven, wife and baby, of Hartford, spent Saturday night at Mrs. J. H. Tarrances'.

Mrs. Maggie Leach and Mrs. Willie Davis spent last Sunday evening with Mrs. Martha and Dora Leach.

Born to the wife of Mr. Nuten Haven, on the 23rd, a fine nine-pound boy. Dr. Willis, of Beaver Dam, attending physician.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Jim Goodman, on the 23rd, a fine nine-pound boy. Dr. Watkins, of Cromwell, attending physician. Mother and babe doing nicely.

Messrs. T. Davis and Luther Leach attended meeting at Green River Sunday night.

Mr. Taylor Davis and family, of McHenry, visited his mother, Mrs. J. A. Davis, Saturday night and Sunday. Mr. J. W. Taylor, wife and daughter,

## Listen!

# We've got the Goods



**BOLT GOODS**

It will be a pleasure to you to inspect the bolt goods we have brought in this Fall; we have such a variety of pleasing colors and elegant weaves.

We have the newest and finest materials for house-dresses, afternoon and evening gowns.

While our goods are gleasing to look at, we have demanded also the very best quality

When you buy your dress goods from us, you get three things—value, beauty, use. You will get the right price.

# CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.

# Equity Prices

For Ladies' and Children's Cloaks.

For Men's every day and Sunday Suits.

For Shoes to keep your feet dry for the whole family.

For Men's, Ladies' and Children's Sweaters.

For hundreds of other necessities.

# JACKSON & STEVENS

THE EQUITY STORE

Cromwell, ::: Kentucky.

Winona, visited Mr. J. H. Tarrance and family Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Frank Crawford, Mr. Lea Crawford and wife, of Mt. Pleasant, spent last Sunday at Mr. E. P. Sankar's.

Mr. E. P. Sankar made a business trip to Owensboro and Hartford Friday and Saturday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Leach, week before last, a fine boy. Mother and babe doing fine.

Davis, of McHenry, gave their cousin, Mrs. Harriet Wallace, a pleasant call Sunday.

Mrs. C. Haven and Mrs. J. H. Embry visited Mr. Lea Leach and family Sunday.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**